

DR. MAHLOW

# EKG AND EP STUDY





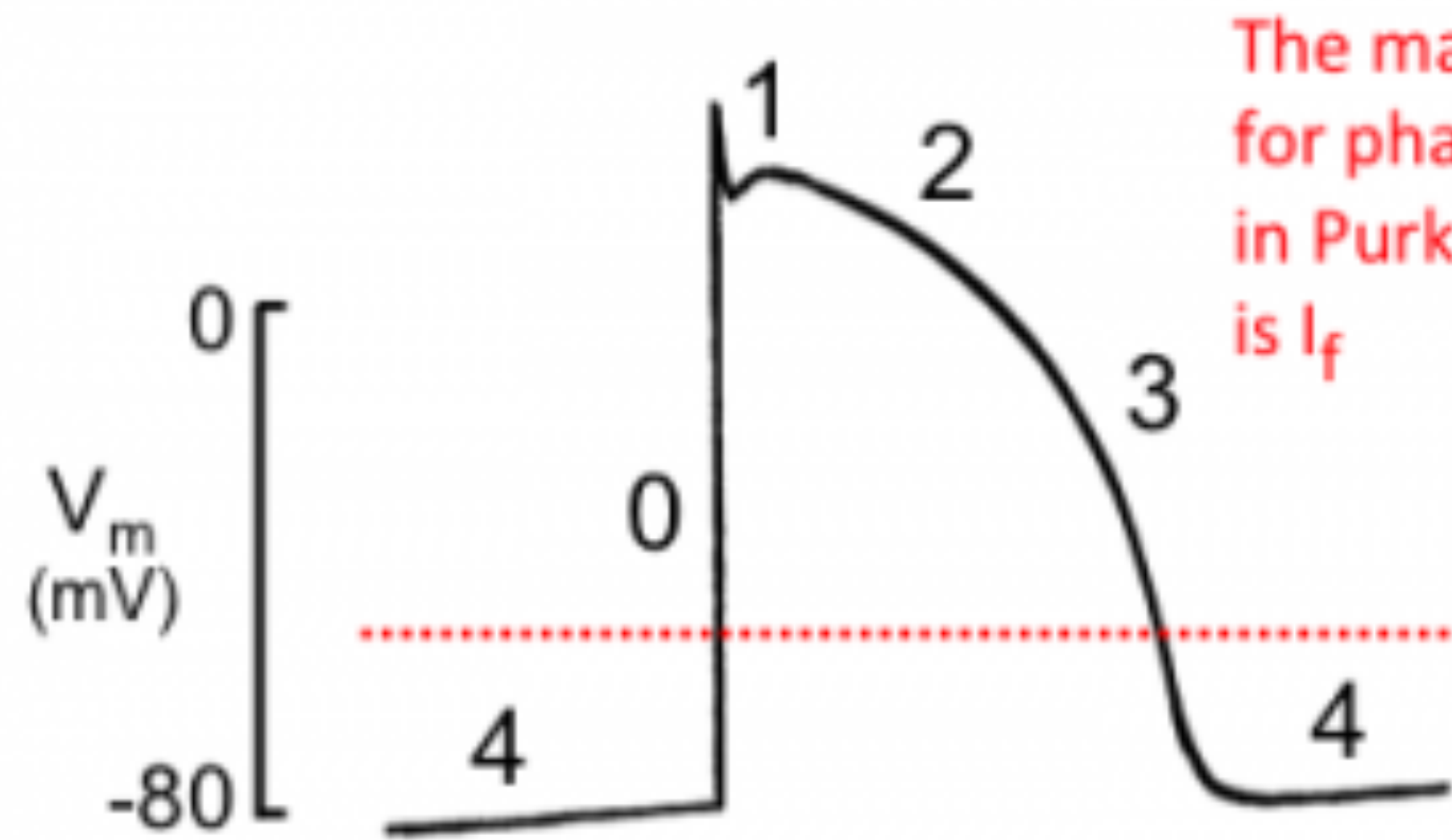
**CAUTION:**

**BENCHES MAY BE WET  
FOLLOWING PERIODS OF RAIN**

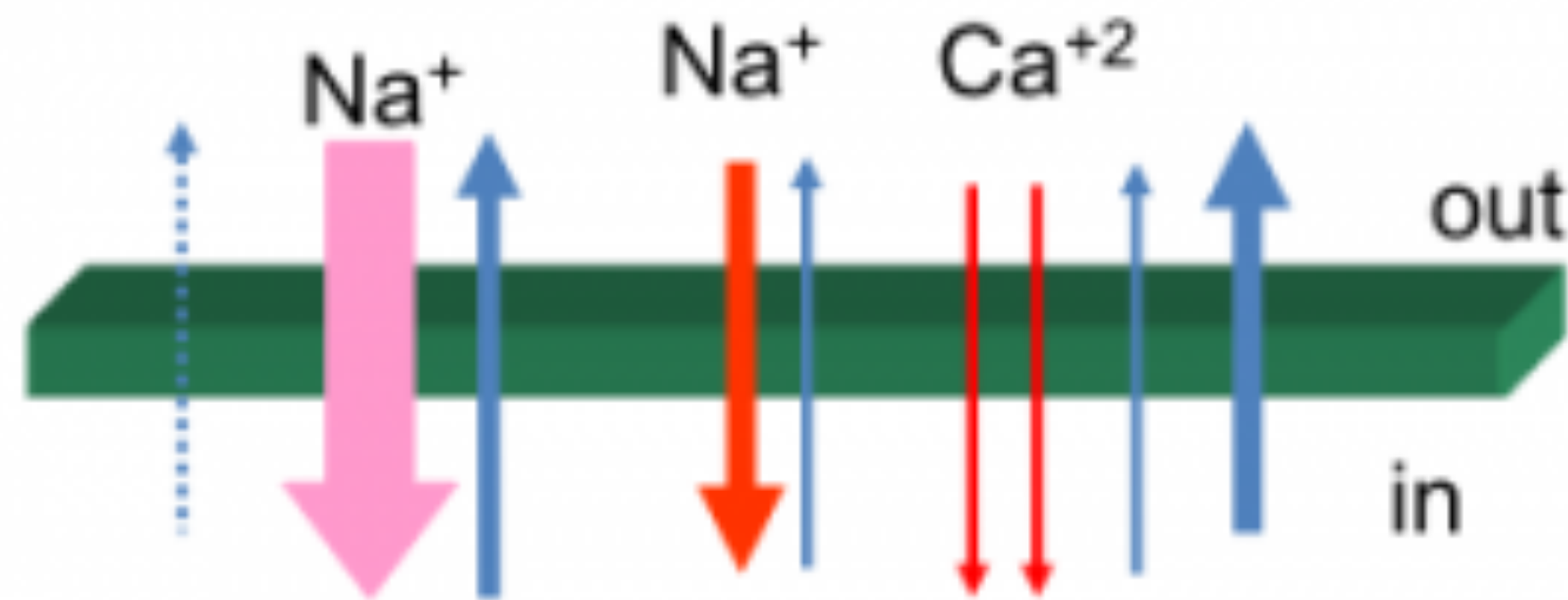




## Purkinje Fiber



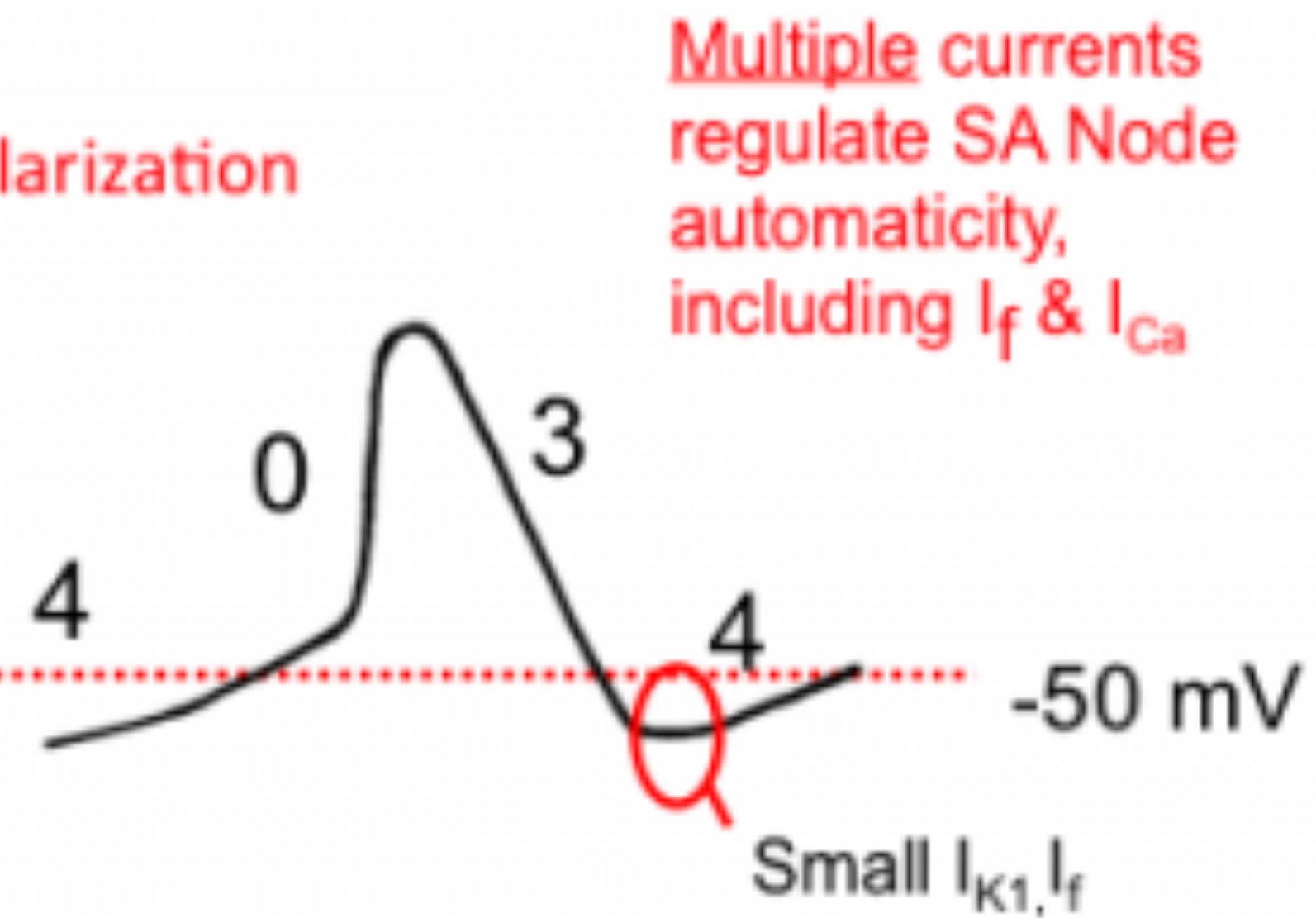
The main source for phase 4 depolarization in Purkinje fibers is  $I_f$



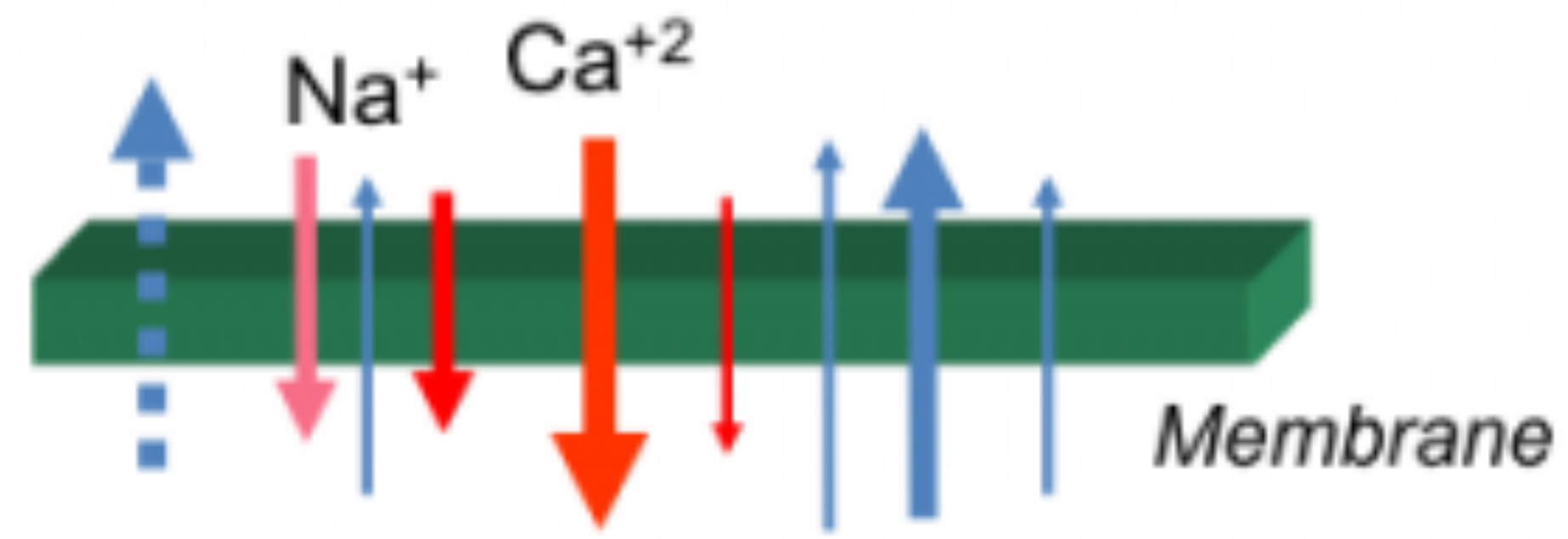
$\text{I}_{\text{KACH}}$   $\text{I}_f$   $\text{I}_{\text{K1}}$   $\text{I}_{\text{Na}}$   $\text{I}_{\text{Ca}}$   $\text{I}_{\text{Kr}} \& \text{I}_{\text{Ks}}$

Currents that regulate pacemaking

## SA Node



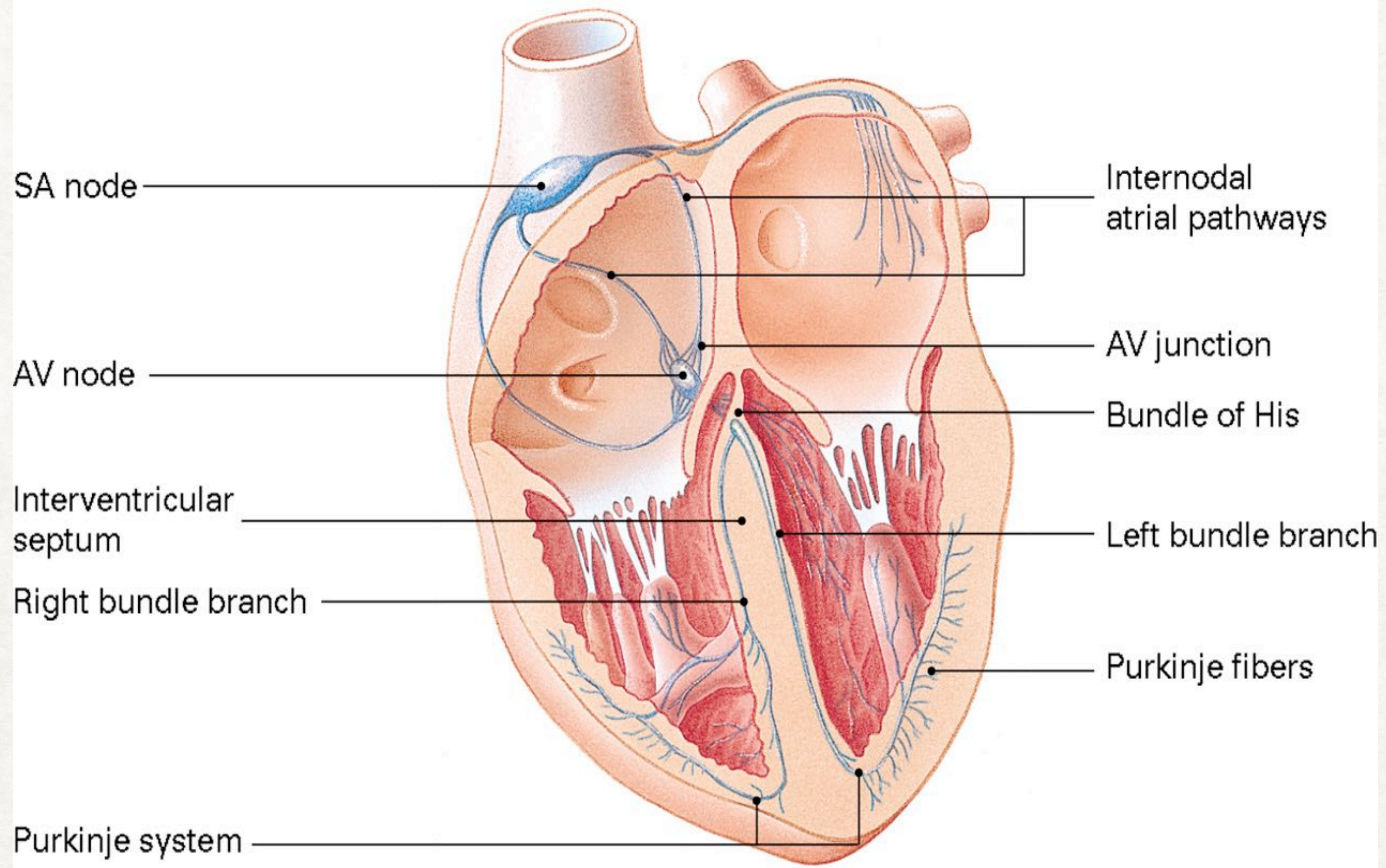
Multiple currents regulate SA Node automaticity, including  $\text{I}_f$  &  $\text{I}_{\text{Ca}}$



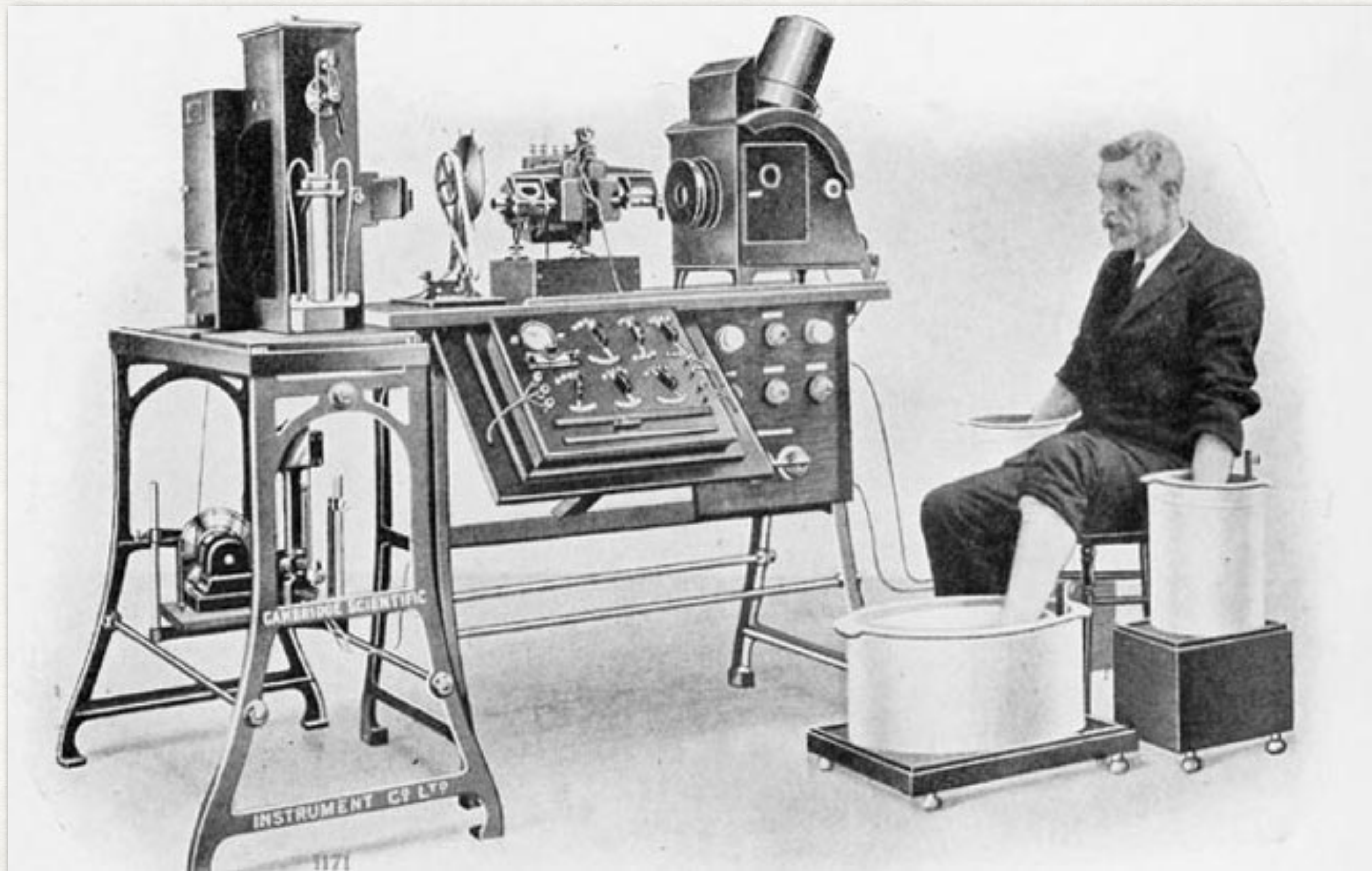
$\text{I}_{\text{KACH}}$   $\text{I}_f$   $\text{I}_{\text{K}}$   $\text{I}_{\text{Ca}}$   $\text{I}_{\text{Kr}} \& \text{I}_{\text{Ks}}$

Currents that regulate pacemaking

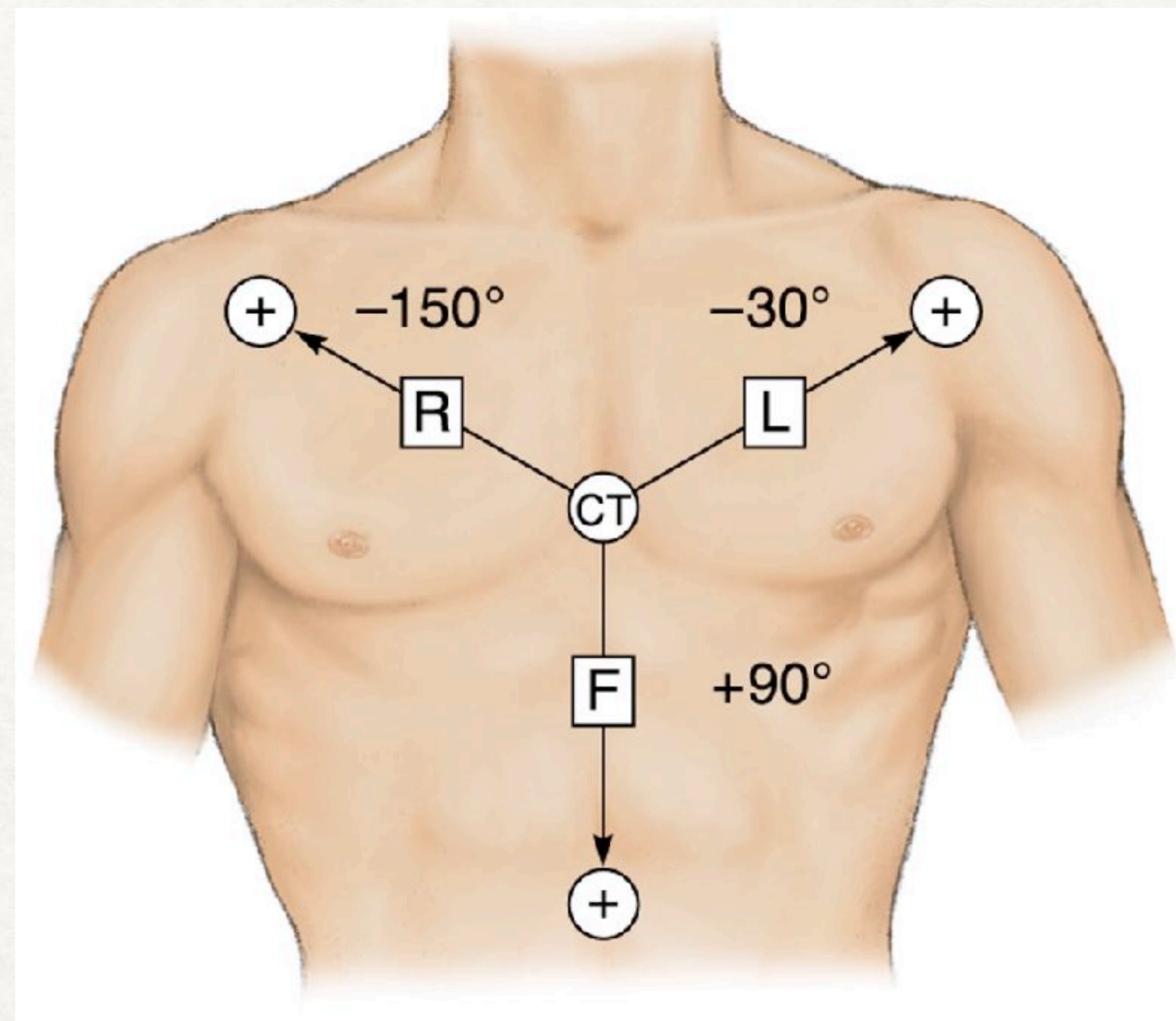
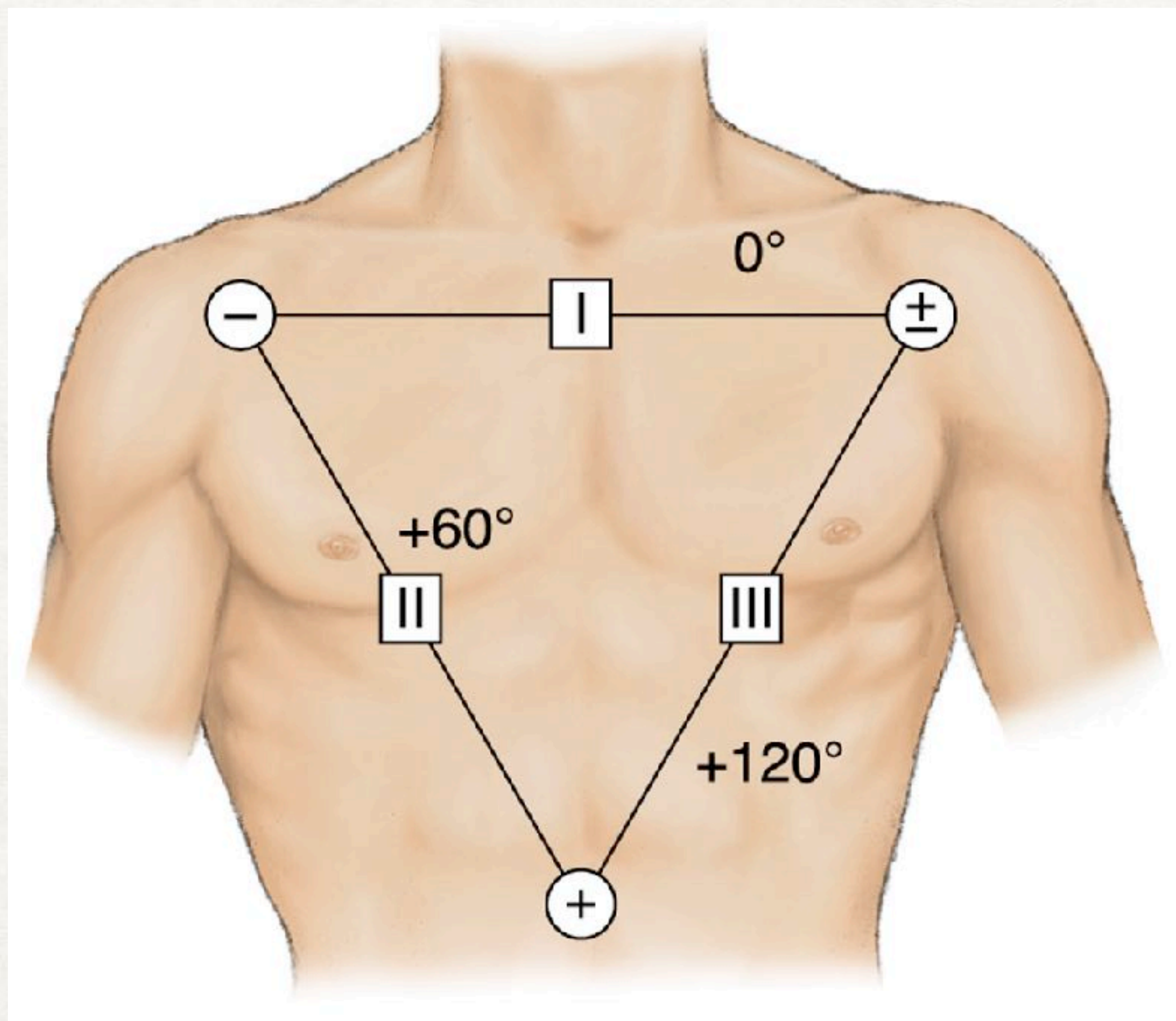






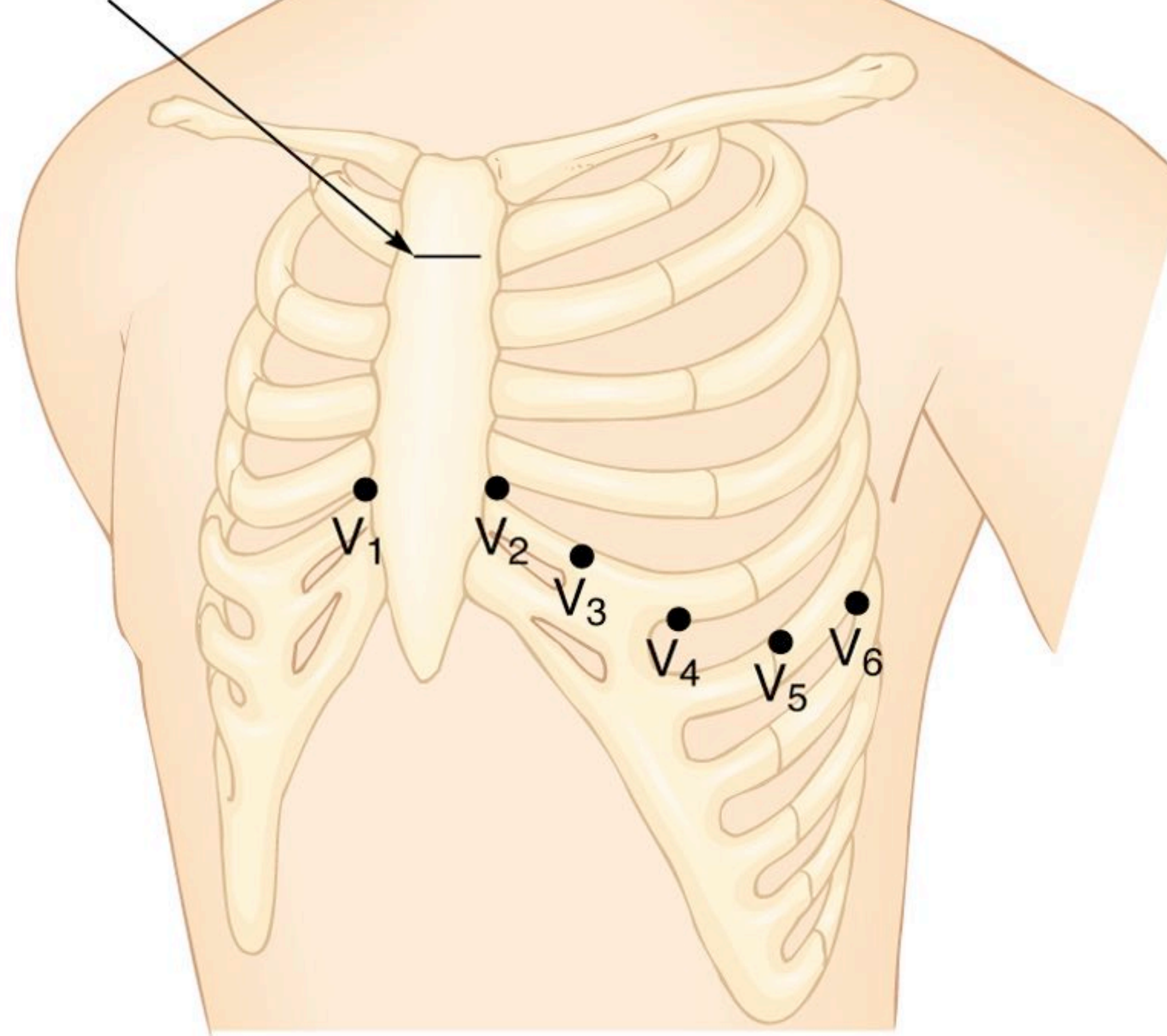






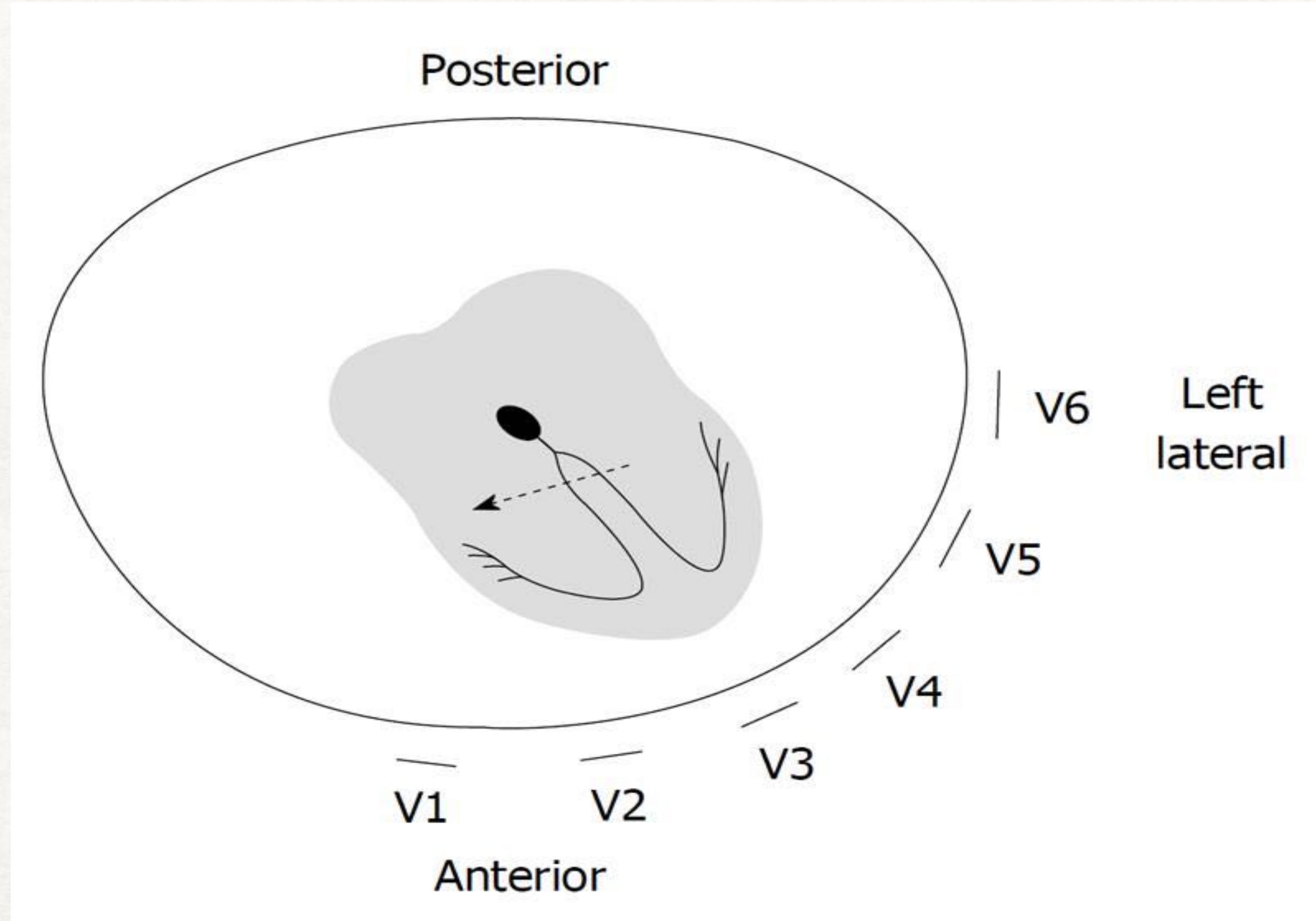


Angle of Louis

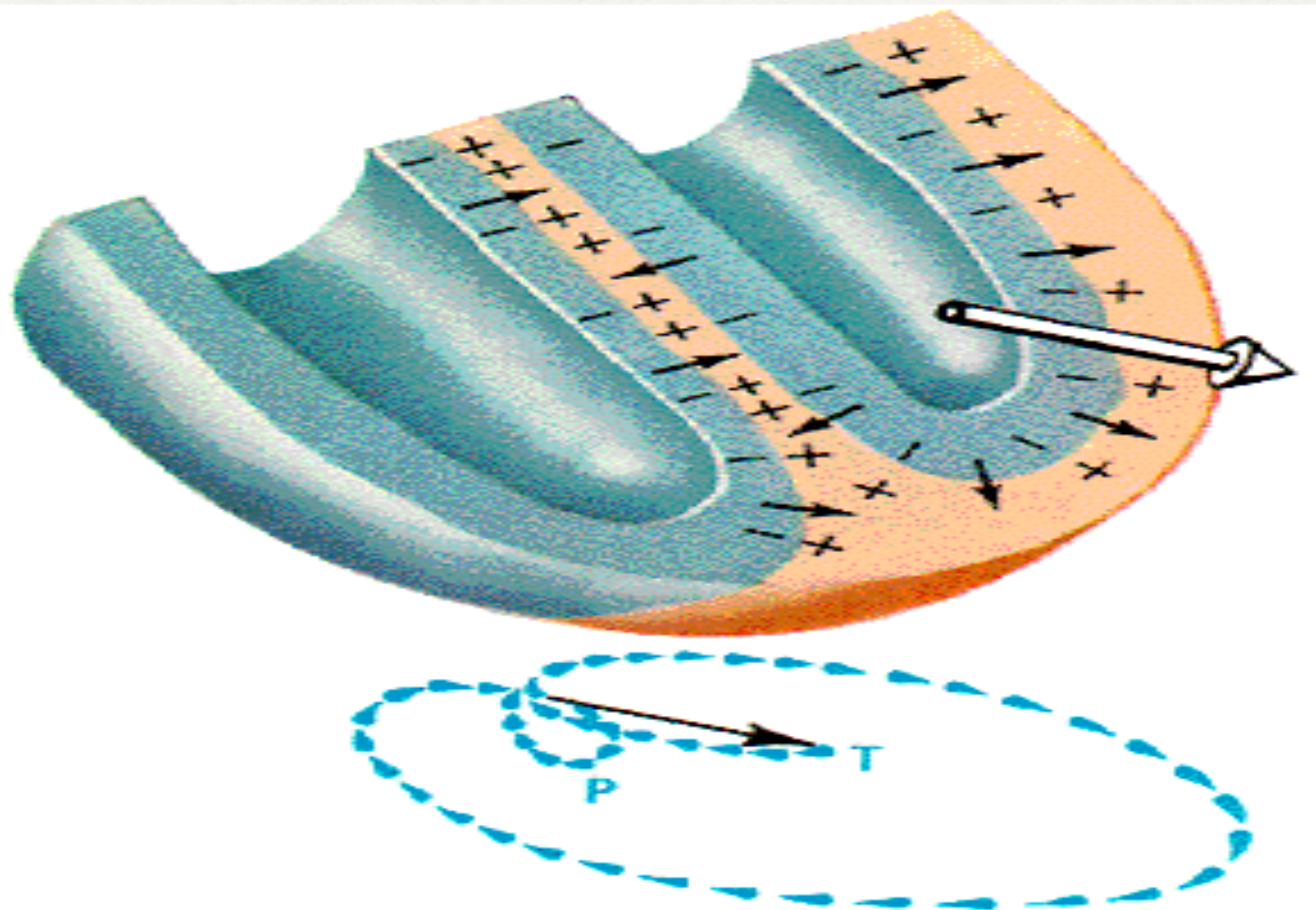


Chest Lead Placement











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<https://uconcall.com/ekgcurriculum>



# HOW TO READ EKGs

- Rate
- Rhythm
- Axis
- Interval
- Waveform



# HOW TO READ EKGs

- Rate
  - 300,150,100,75,60,50
- Rhythm
- Axis
- Interval
- Waveform



# HOW TO READ EKGs

- Rate
- Rhythm
  - Look at all QRSs. P waves? Fib? Flutter? AV Block?
- Axis
- Interval
- Waveform



# HOW TO READ EKGs

- Rate
- Rhythm
- Axis
  - Up in I, Up in II => normal axis
- Interval
- Waveform



# HOW TO READ EKGs

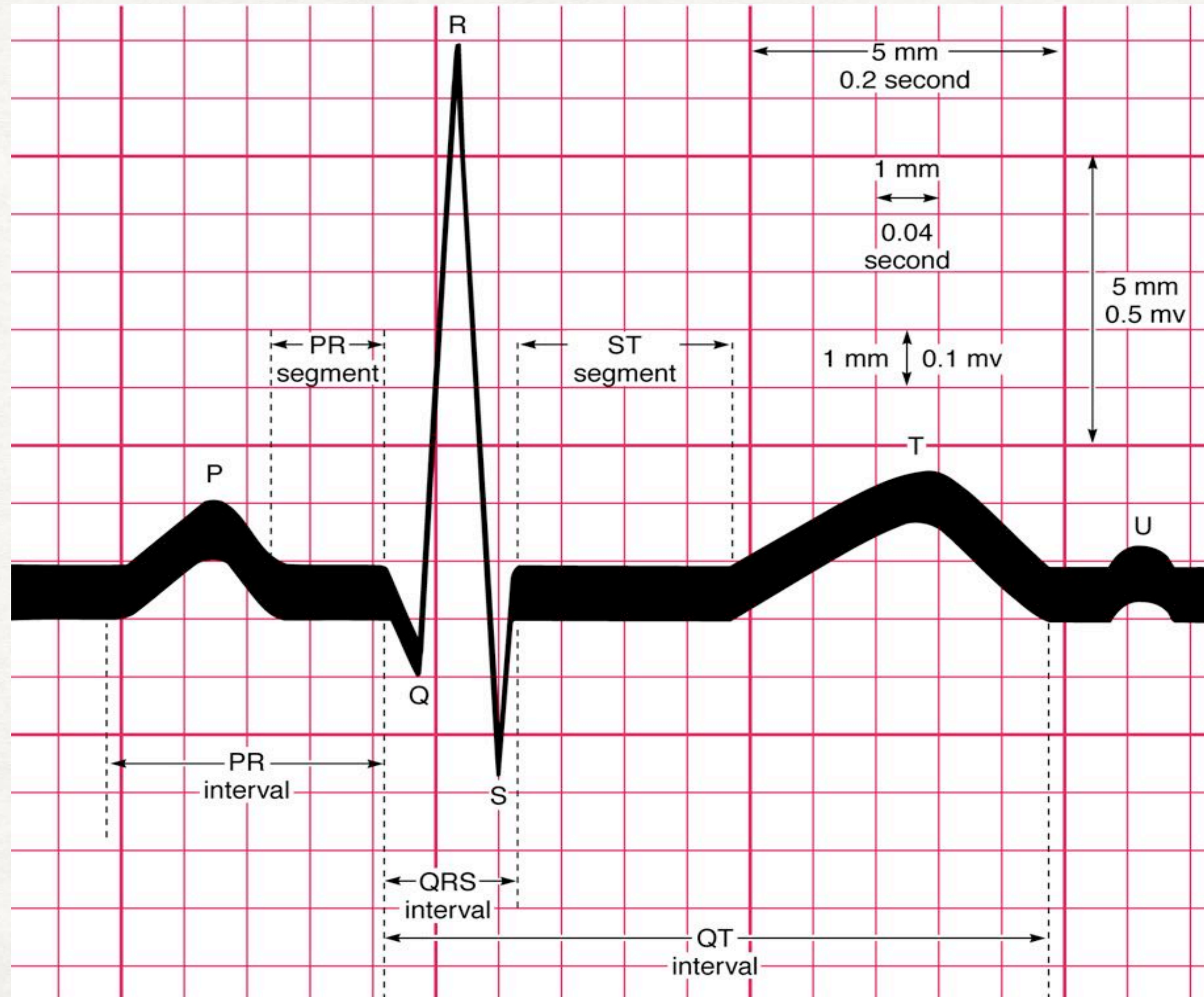
- Rate
- Rhythm
- Axis
- Interval
  - Big box = 200 msec. Little box = 40 msec
  - $PR < 1$
  - $QRS < 3$
  - $QT < 1/2 RR$ .  $QTc < 450$  males, 460 females
- Waveform



# HOW TO READ EKGS

- Rate
- Rhythm
- Axis
- Interval
- Waveform
  - P waves, Q waves, R waves (LVH, precordial progression), ST segments and t waves

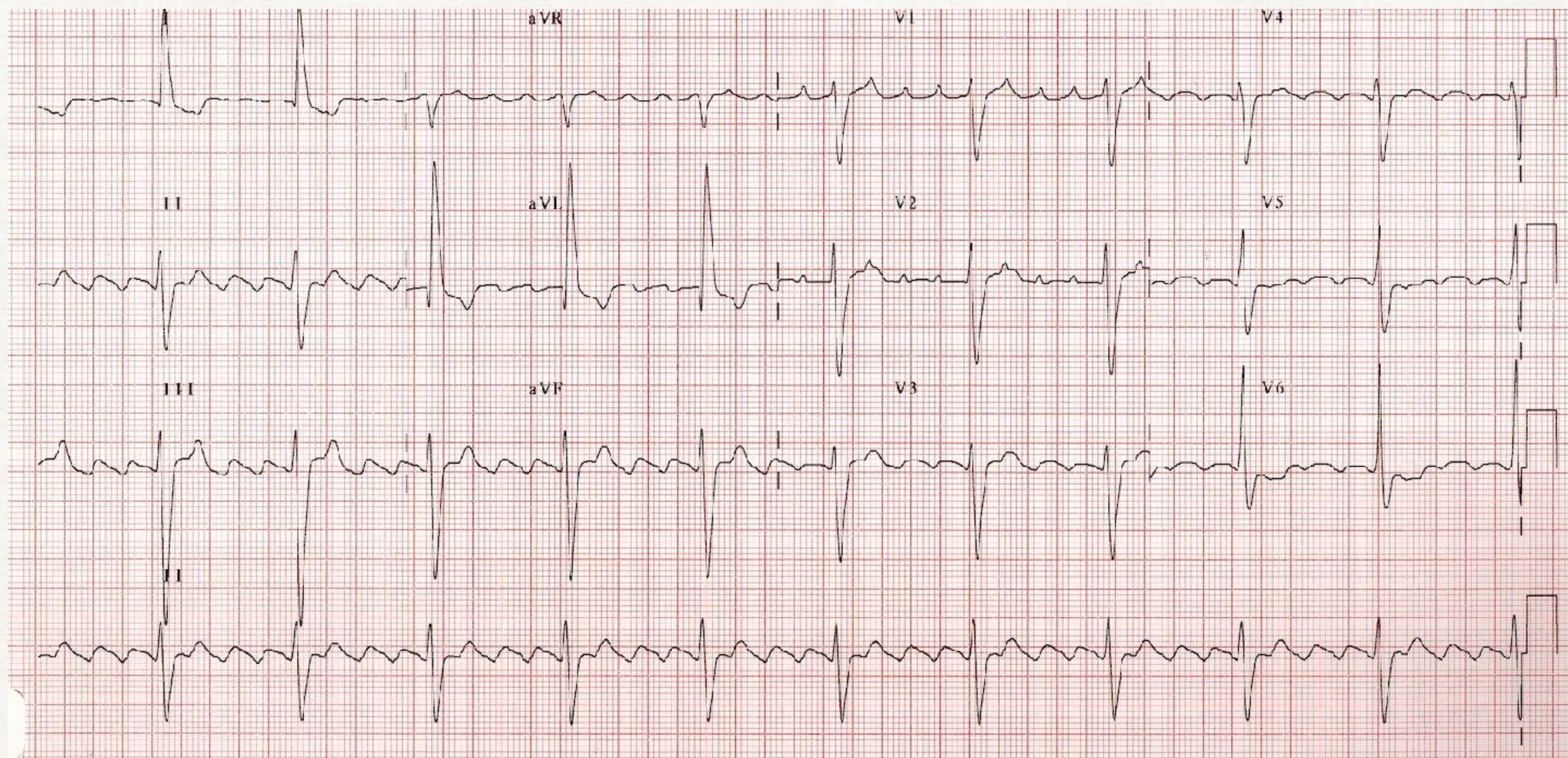




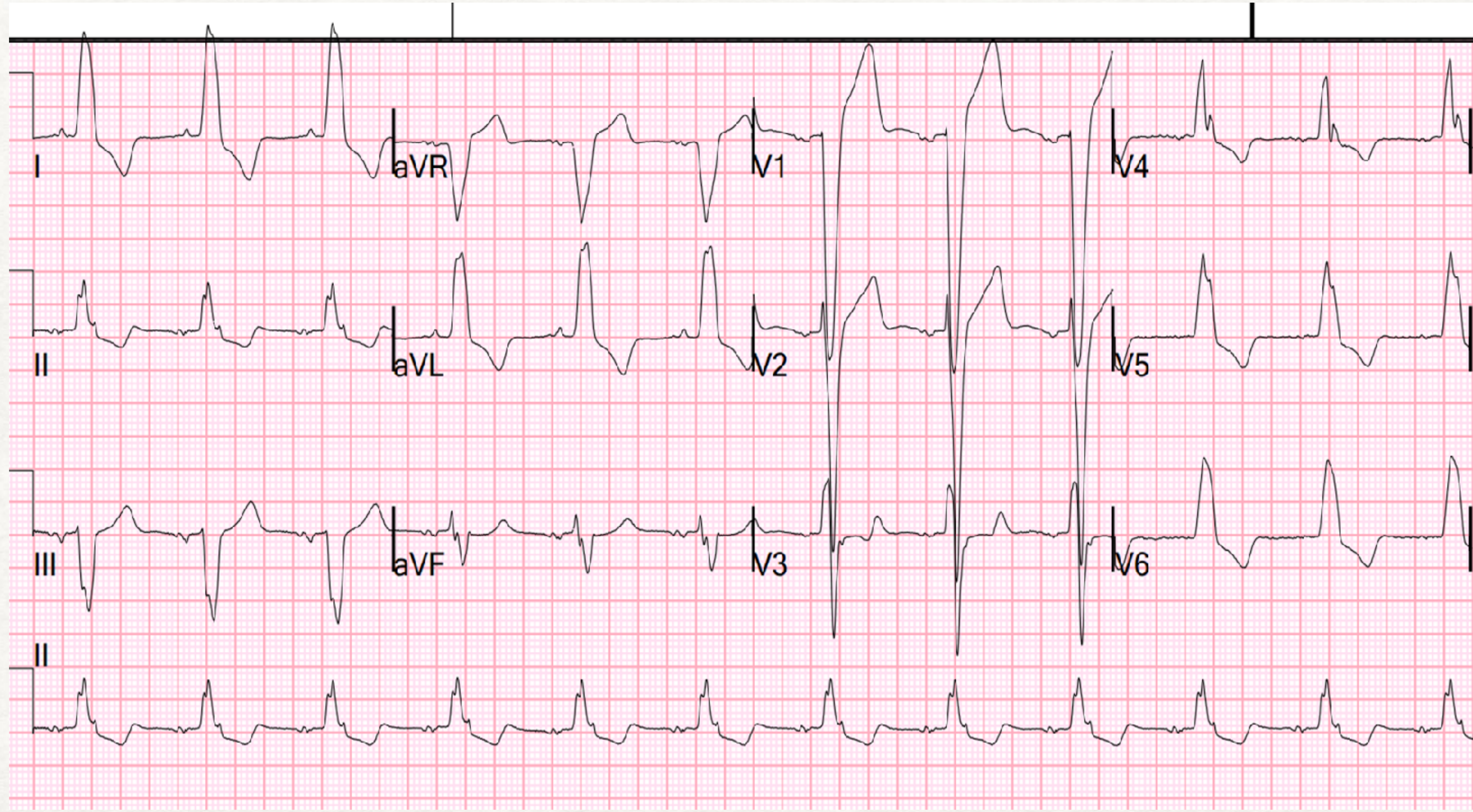


EKG UNKNOWN S

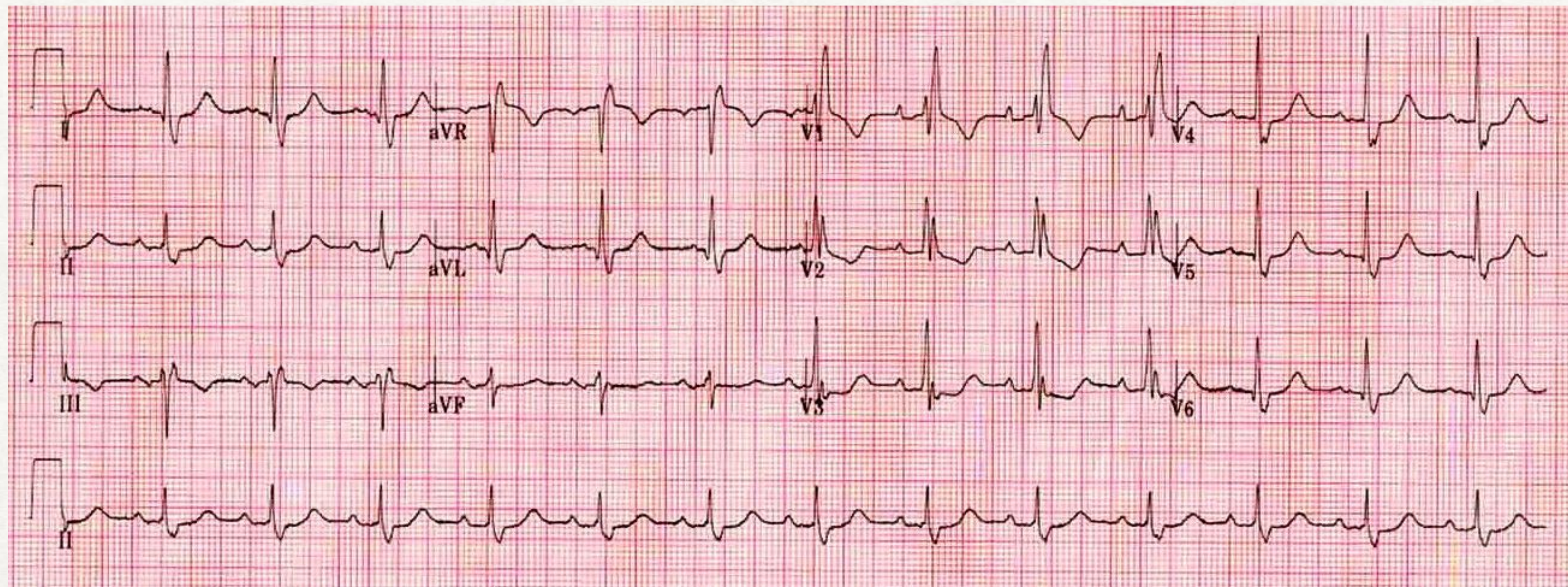




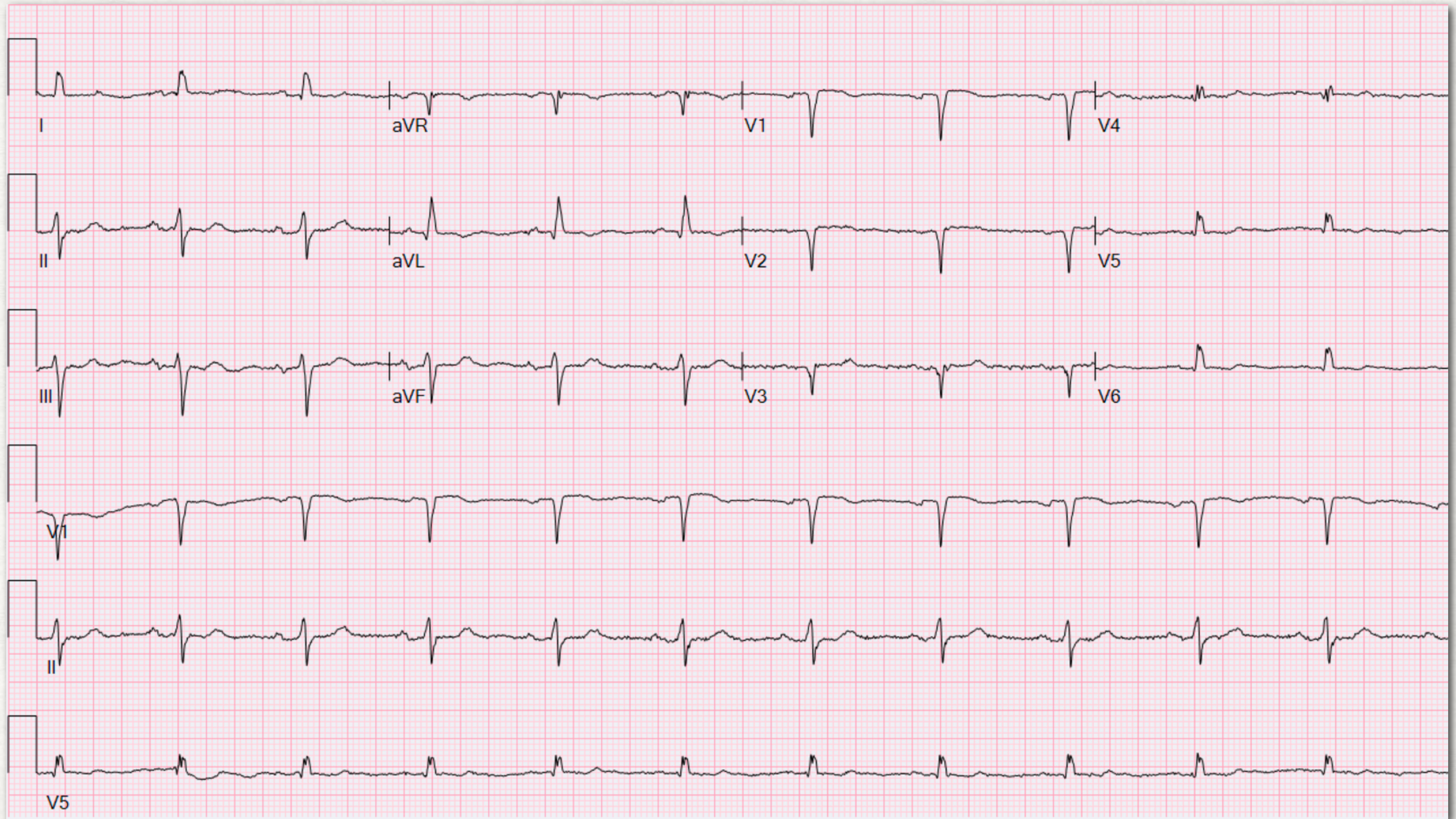




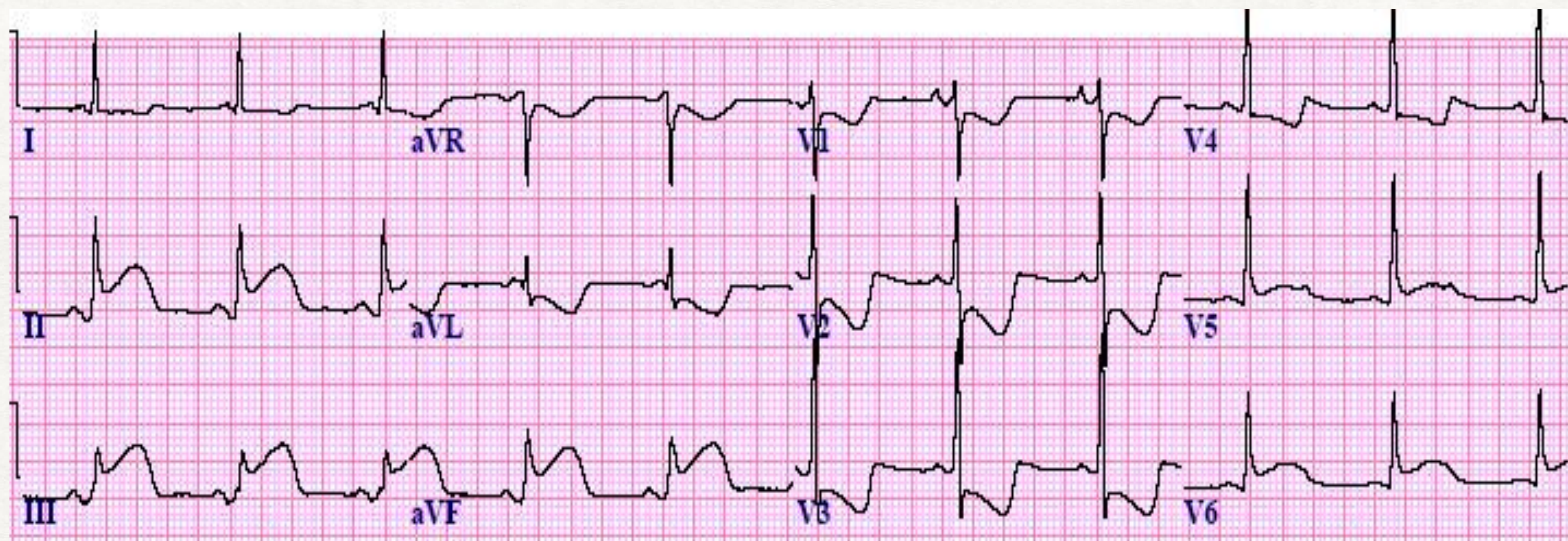




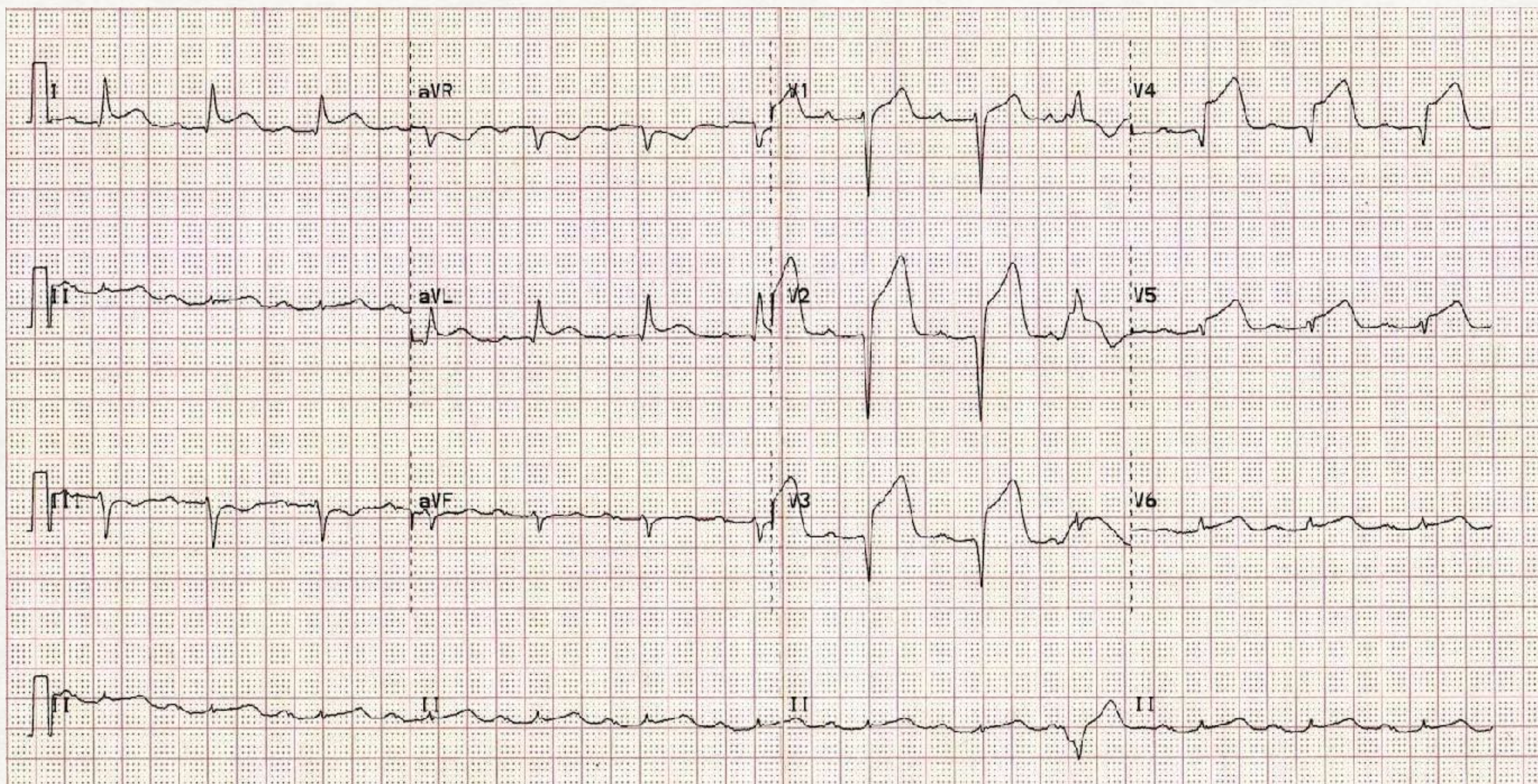




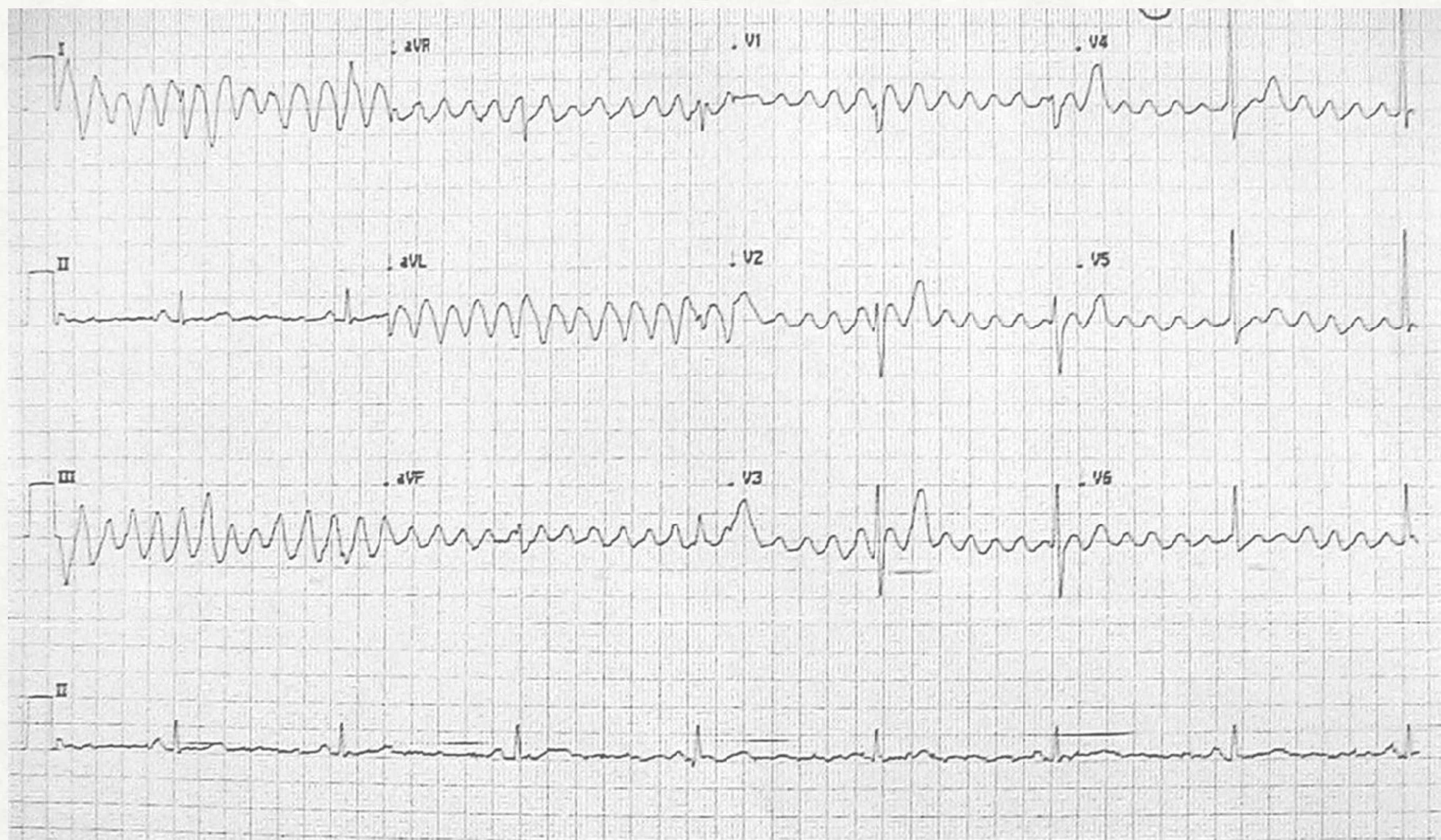








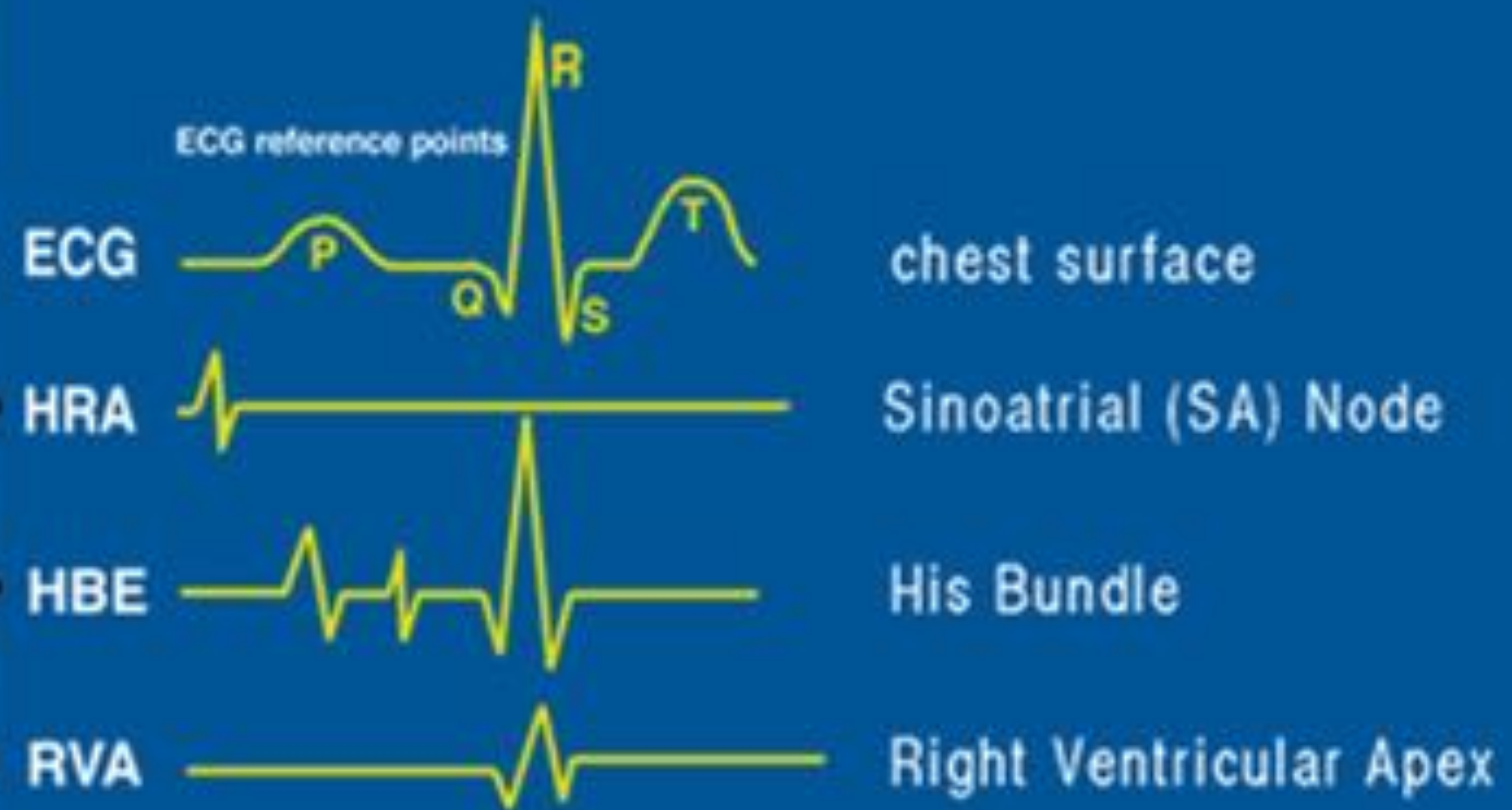
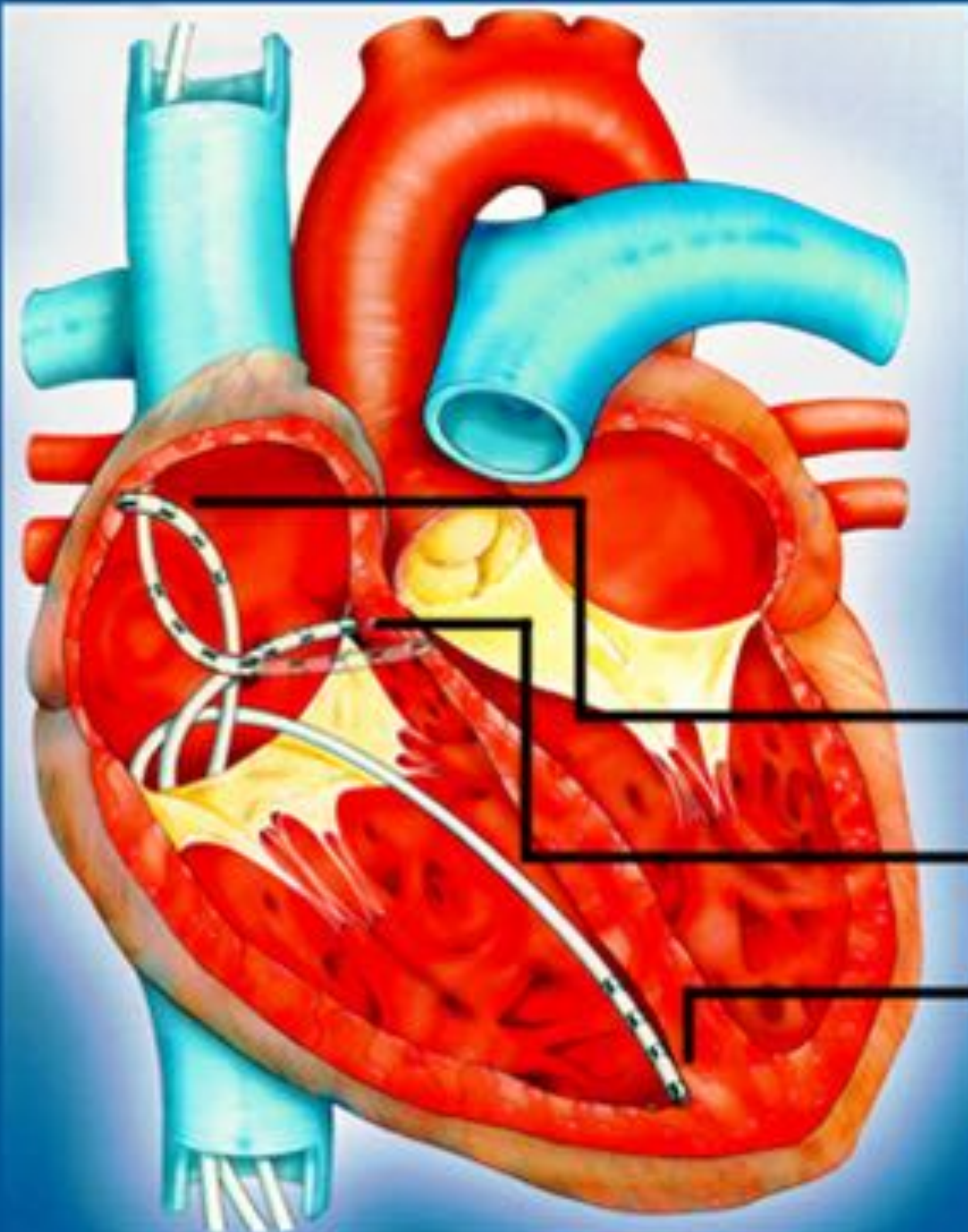




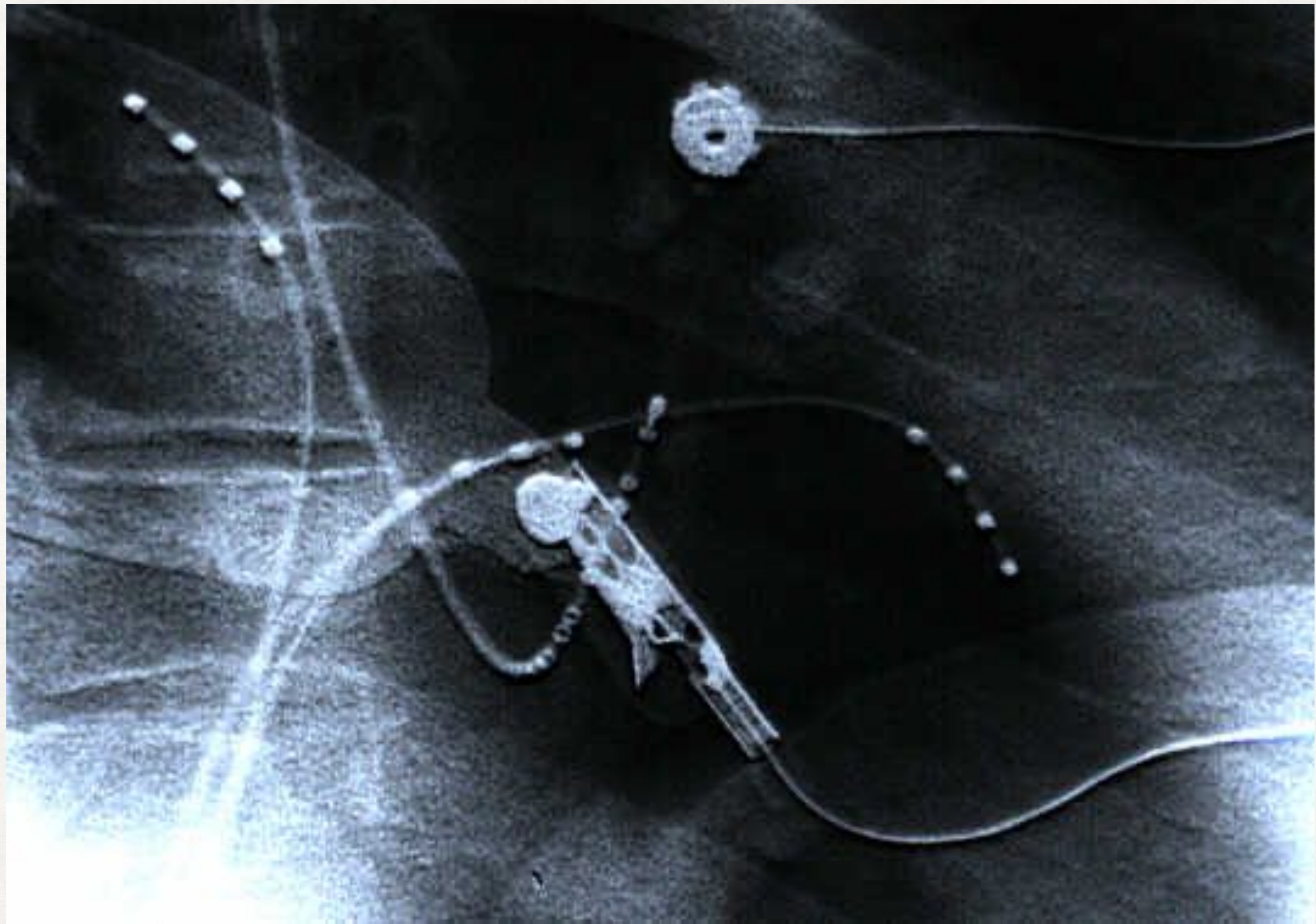




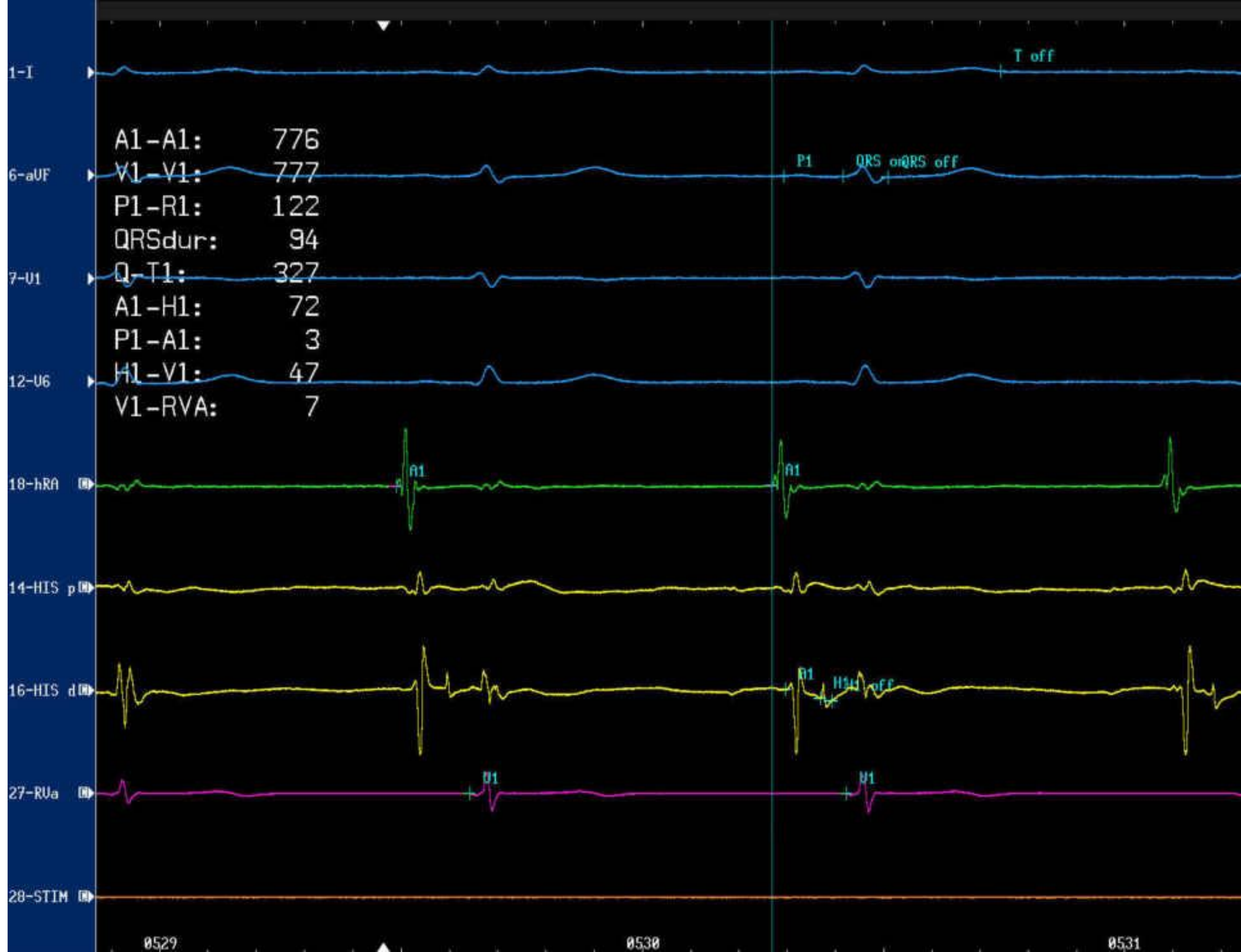




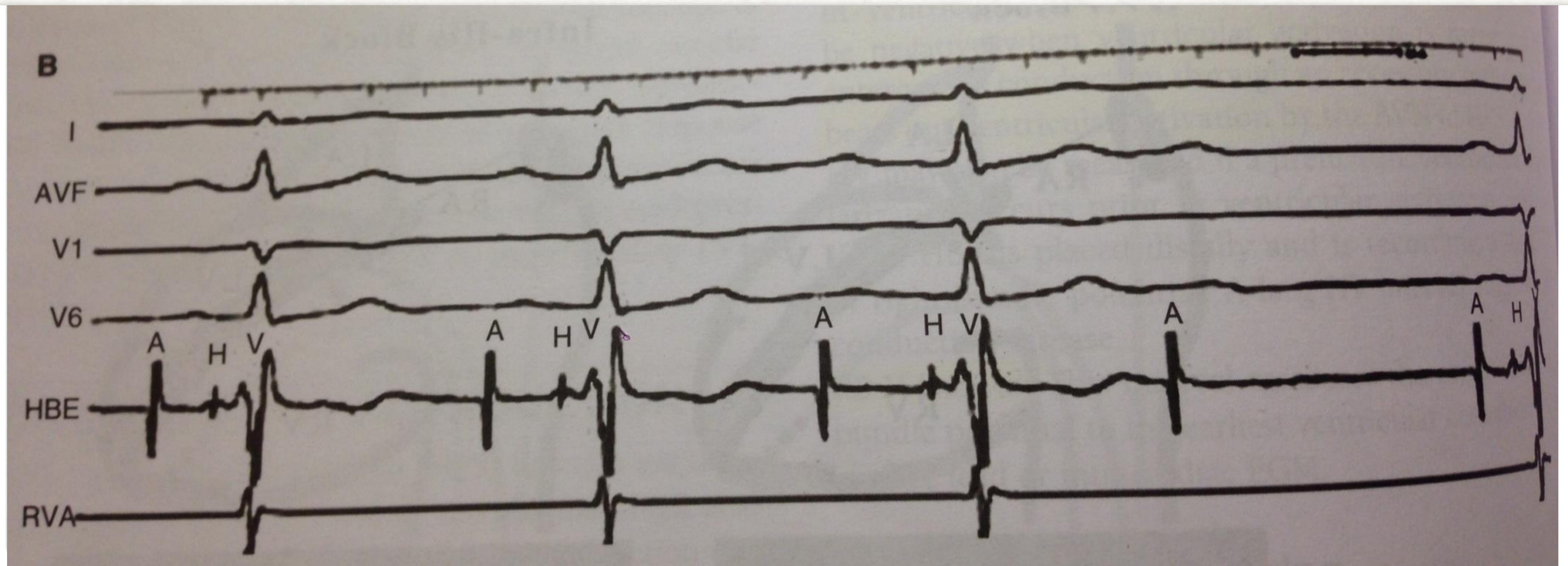




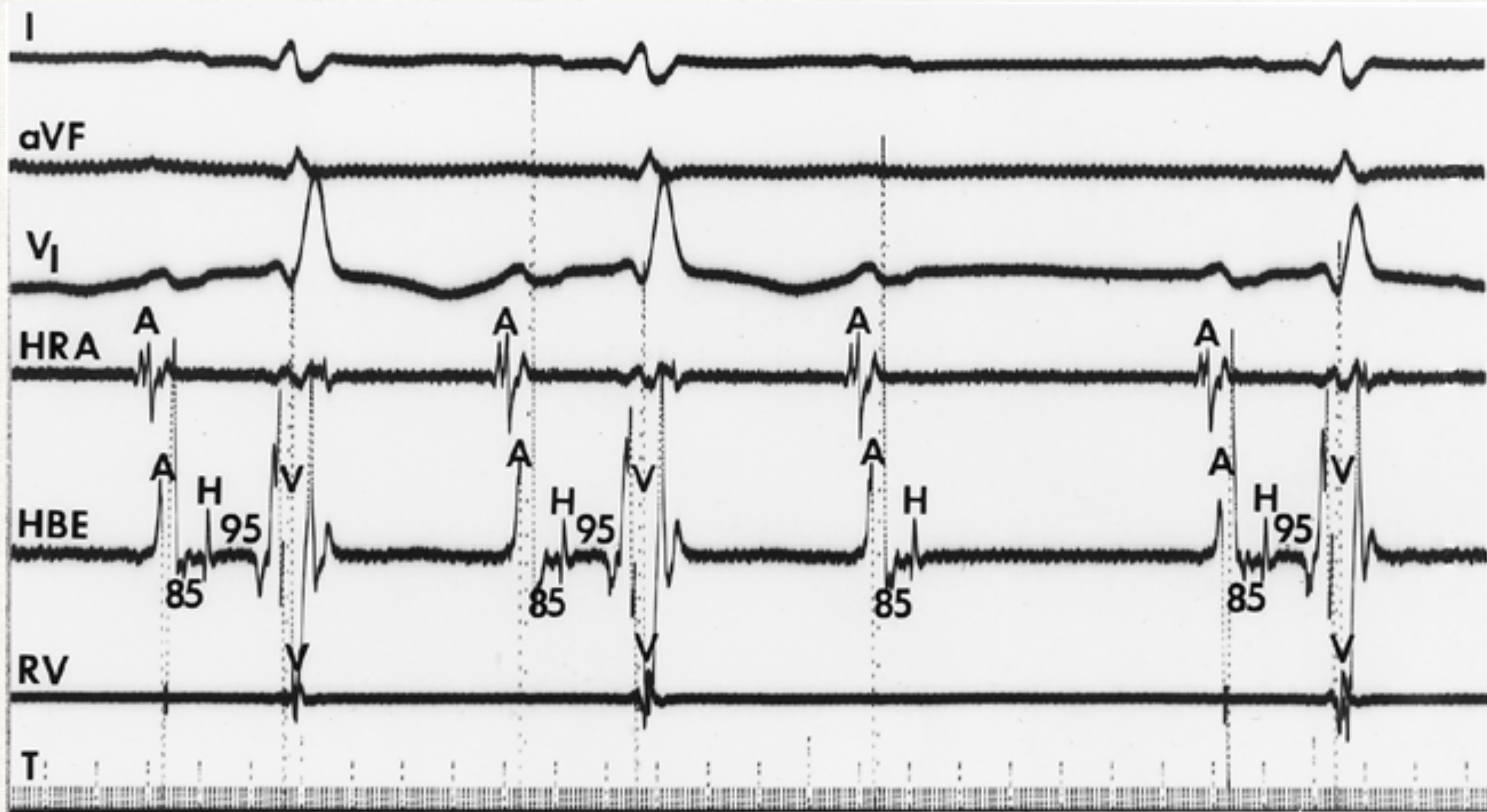






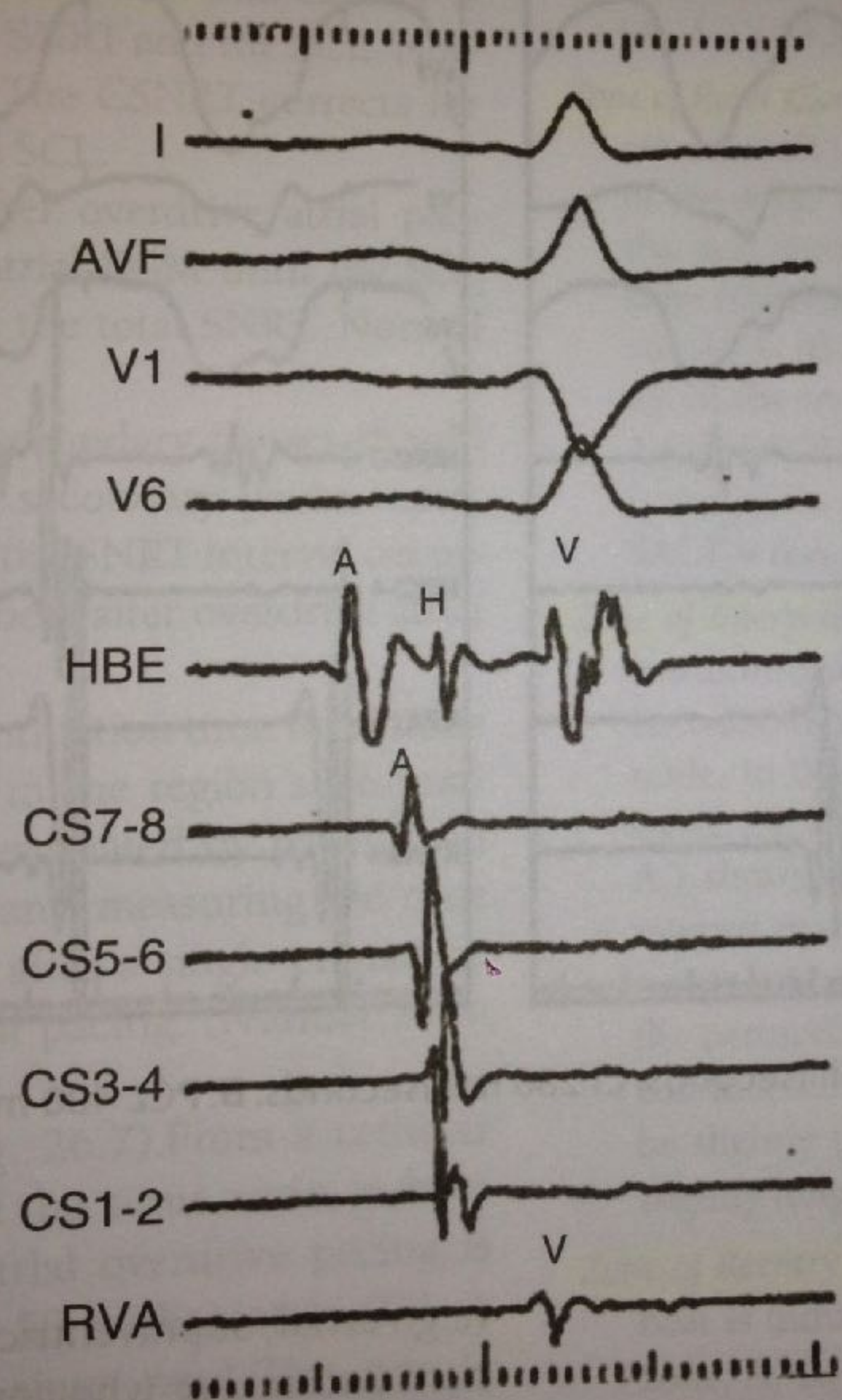




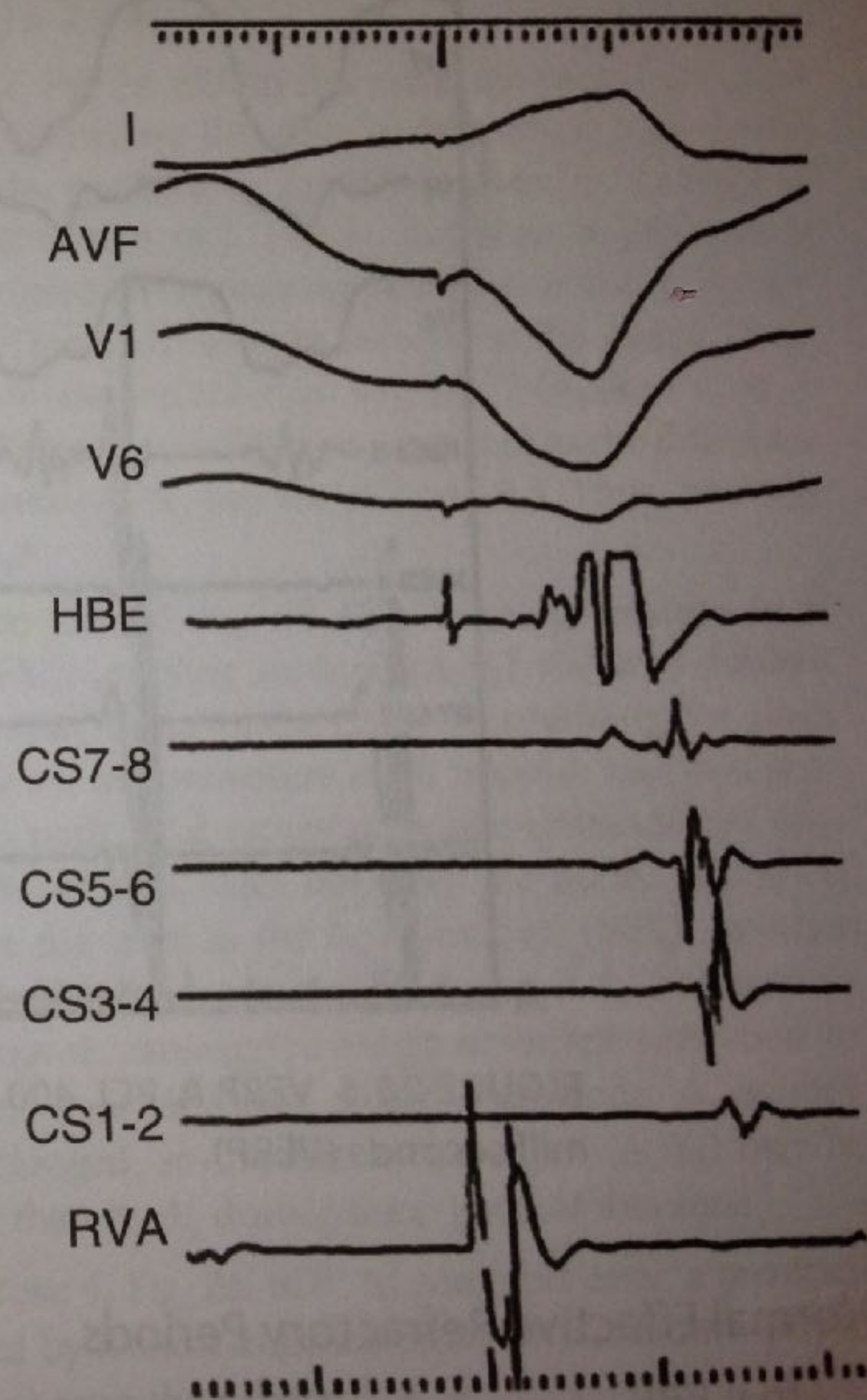




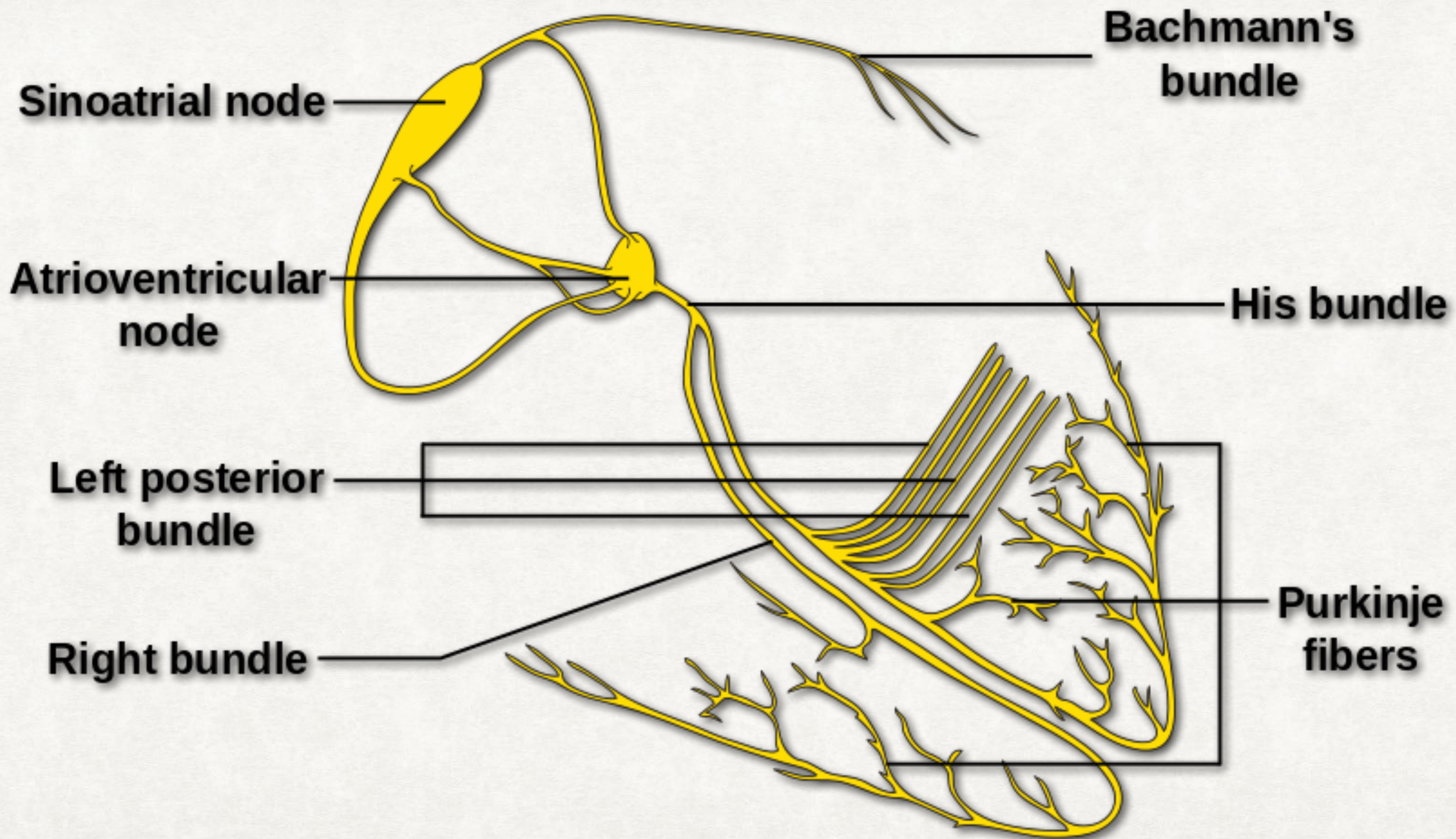
### Anterograde Activation Sinus Rhythm Beat



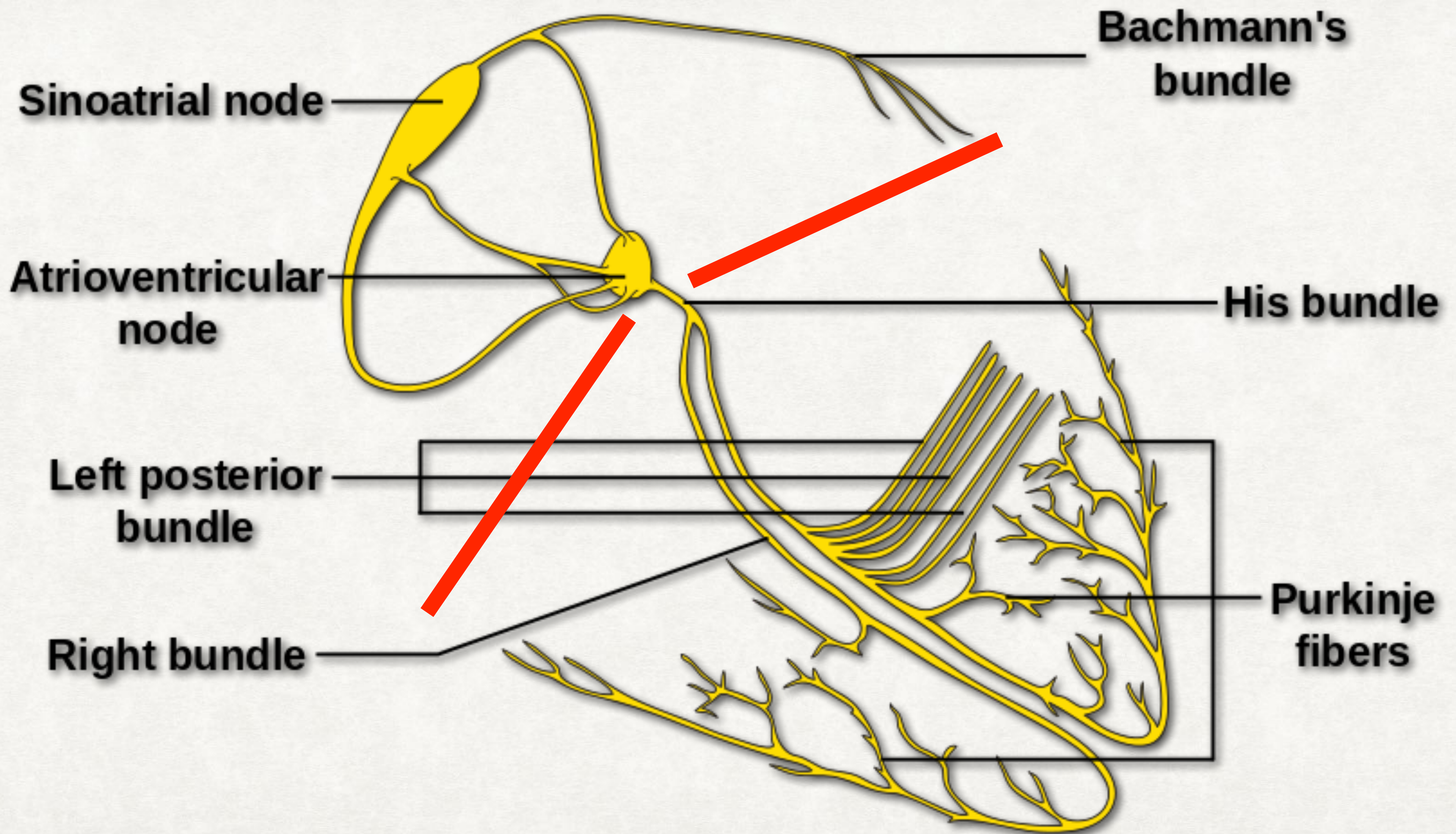
### Retrograde Activation Ventricular Paced Beat



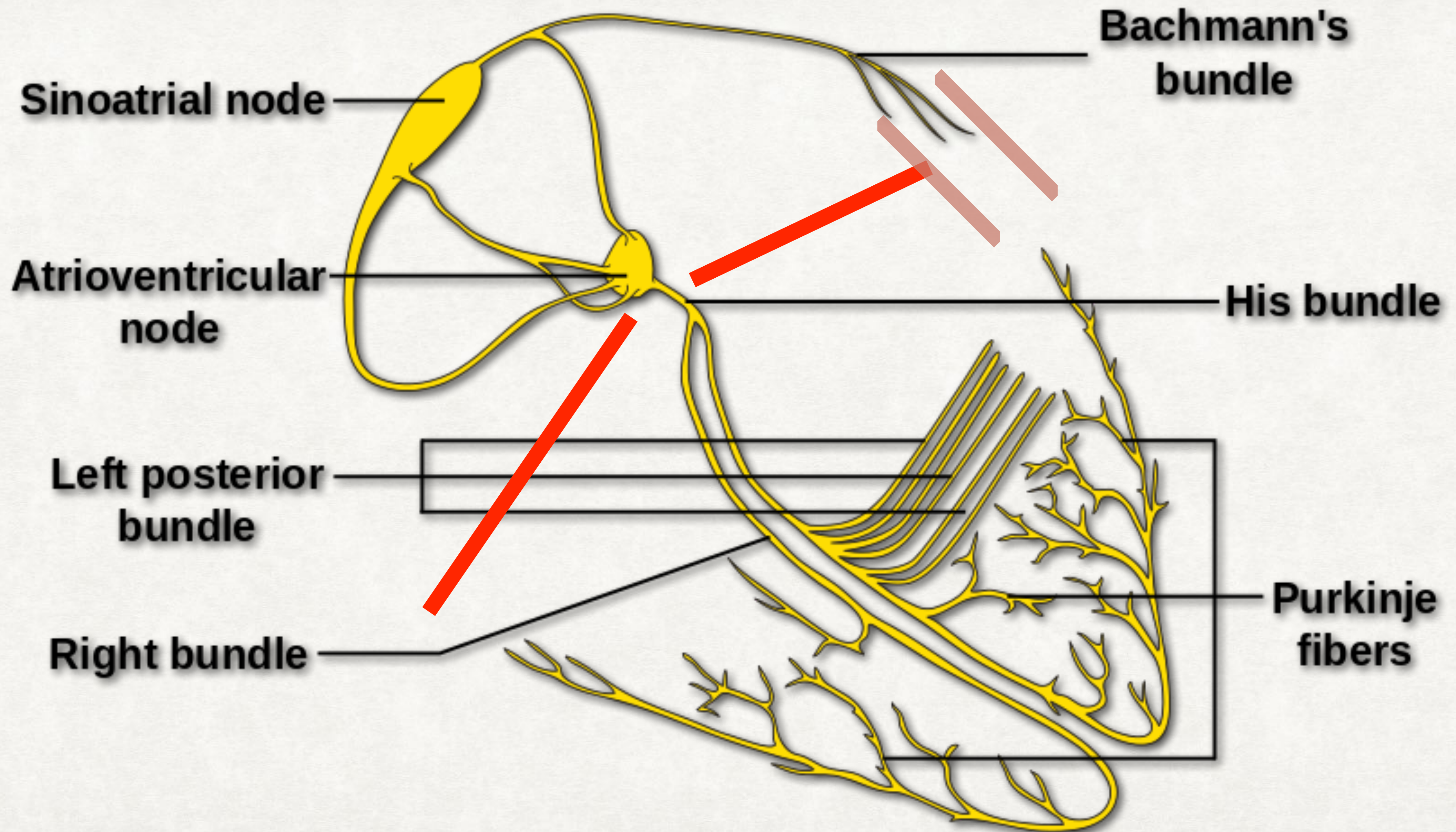




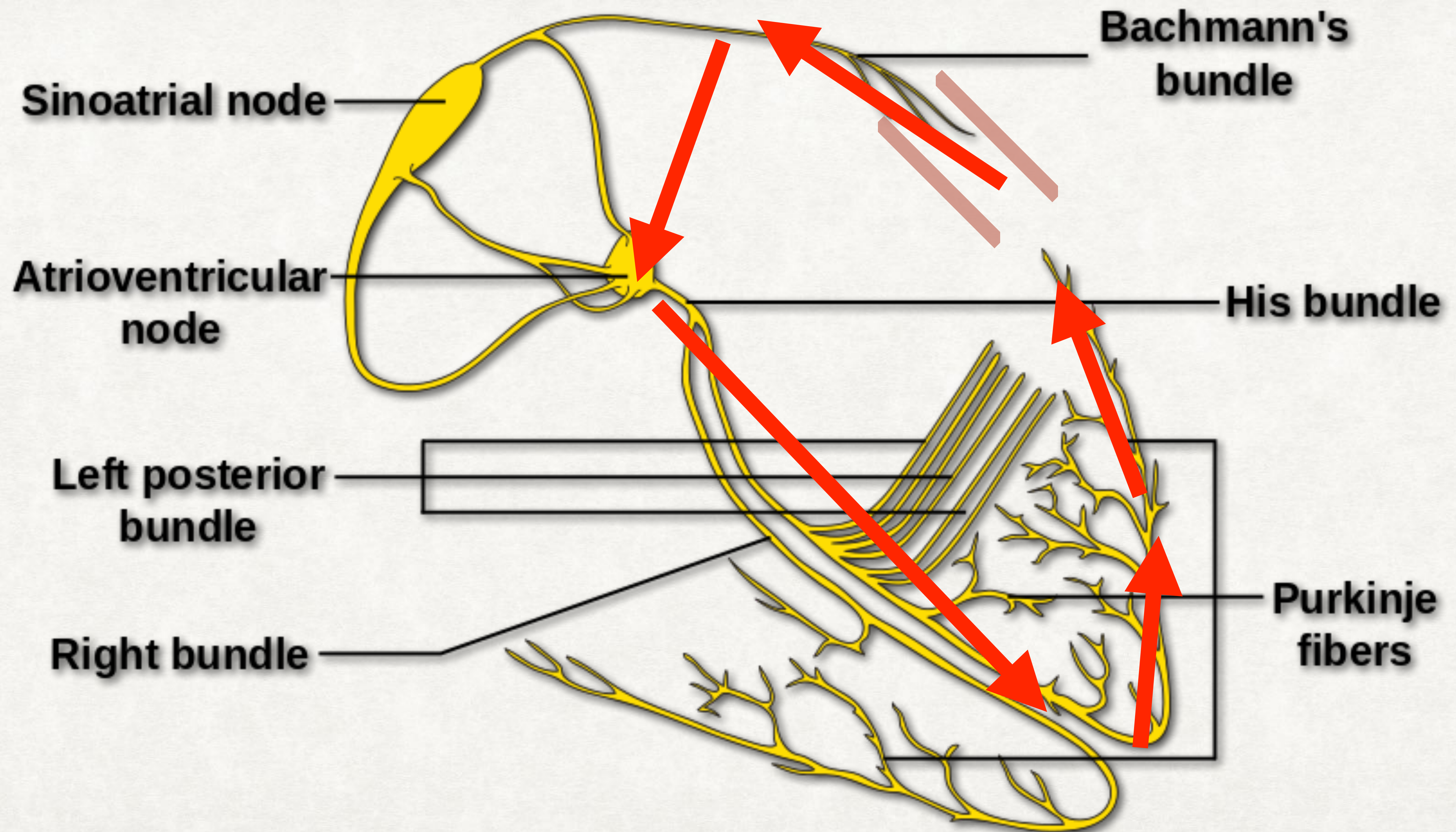




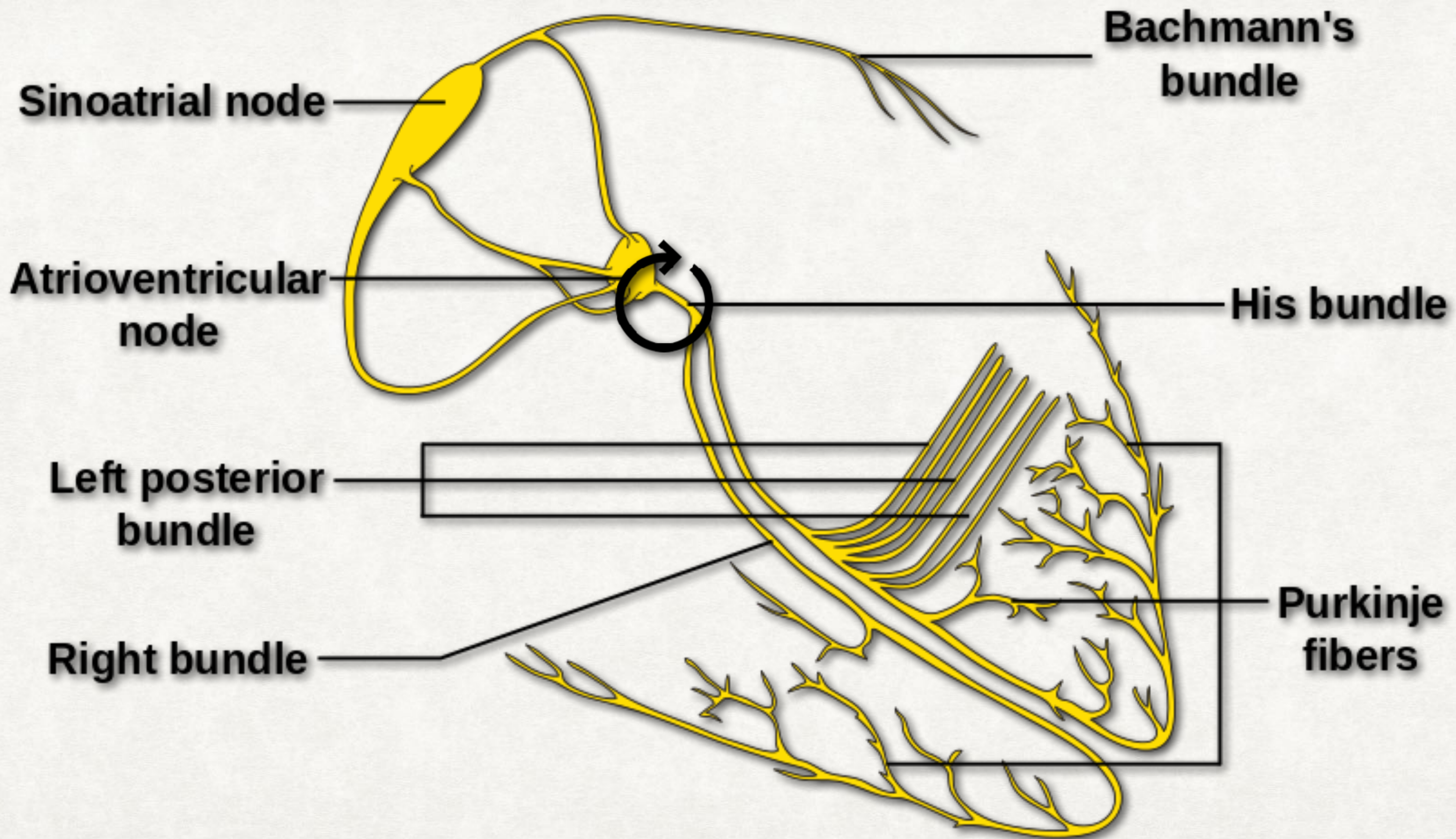




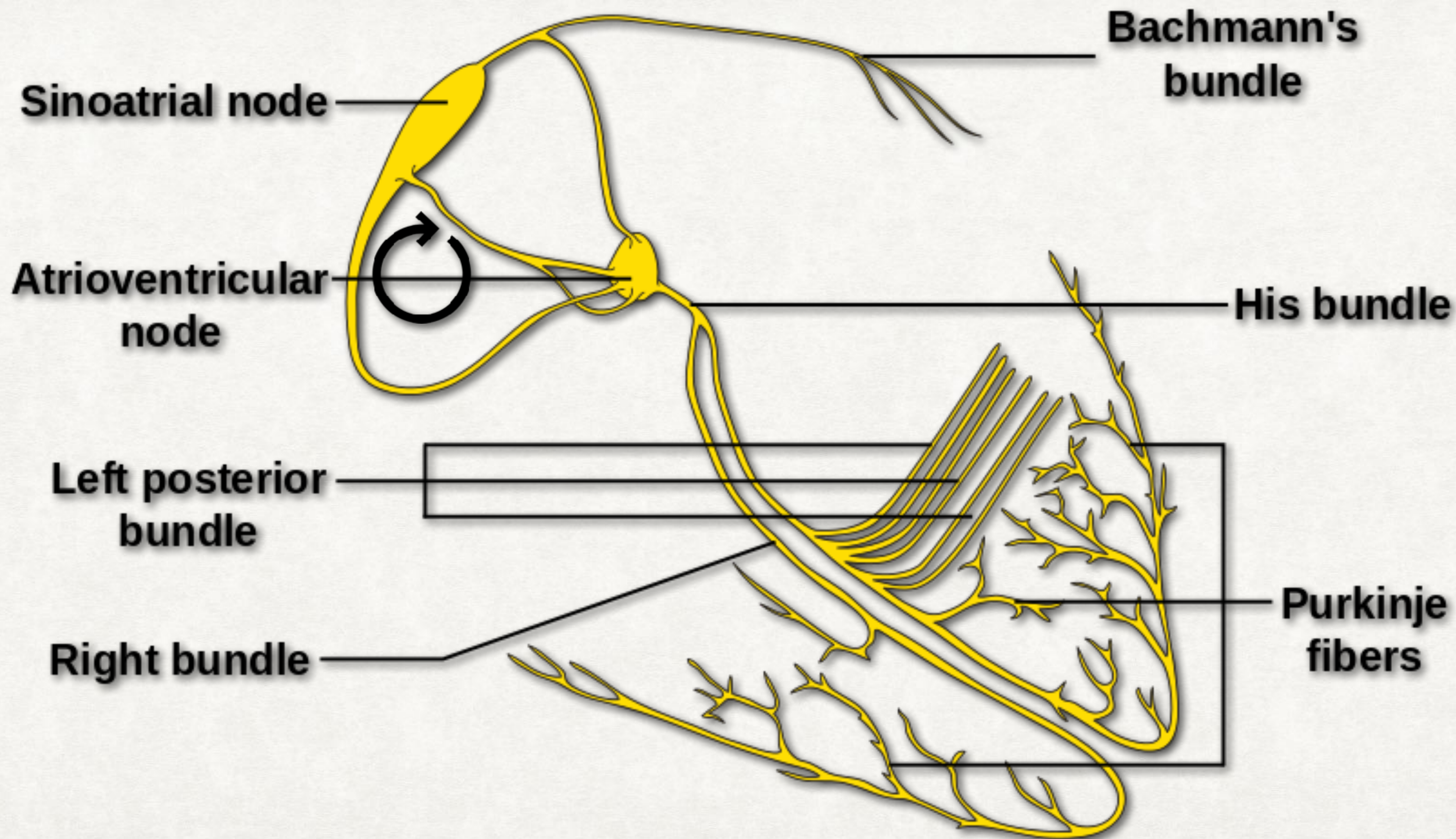




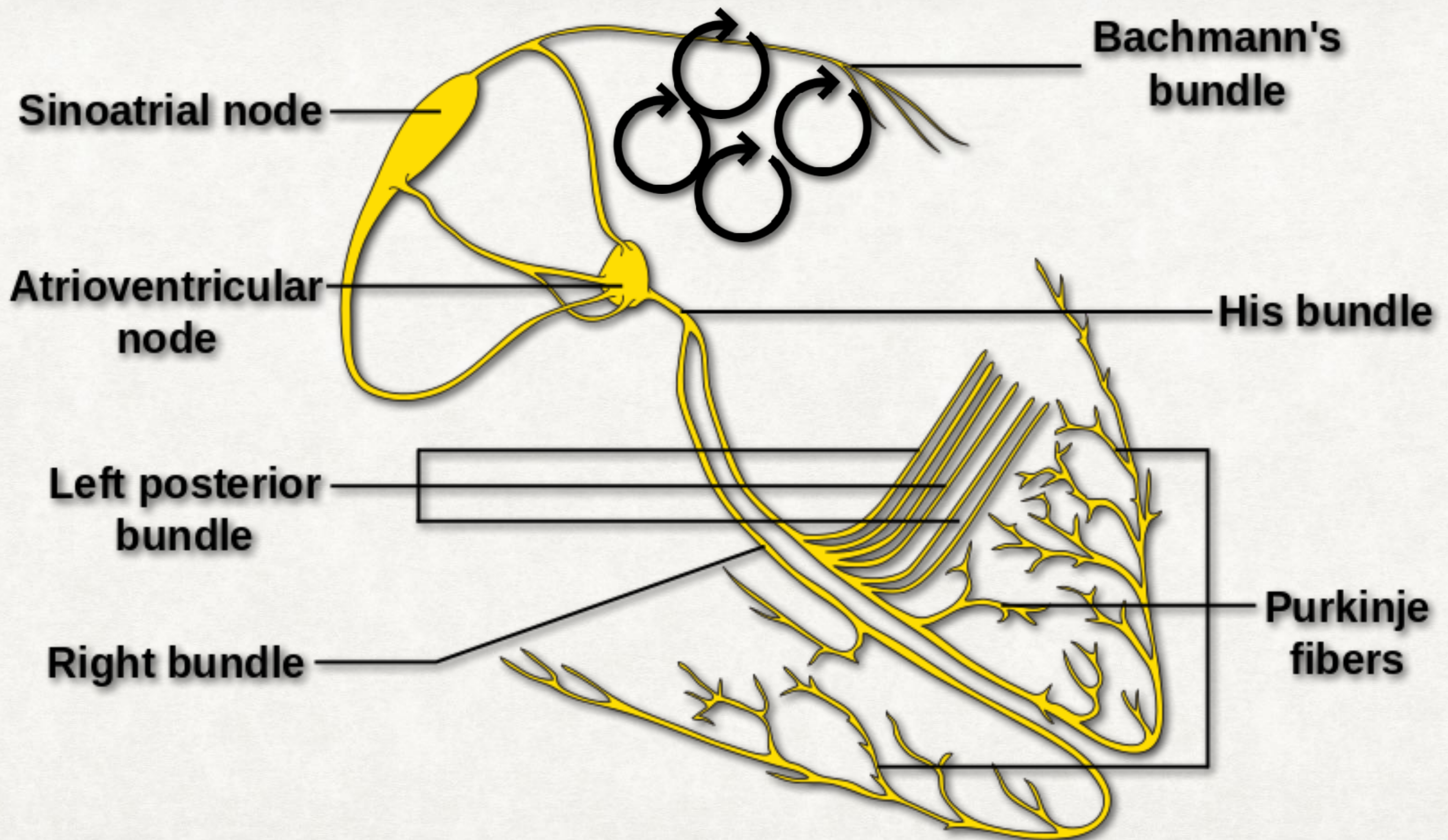




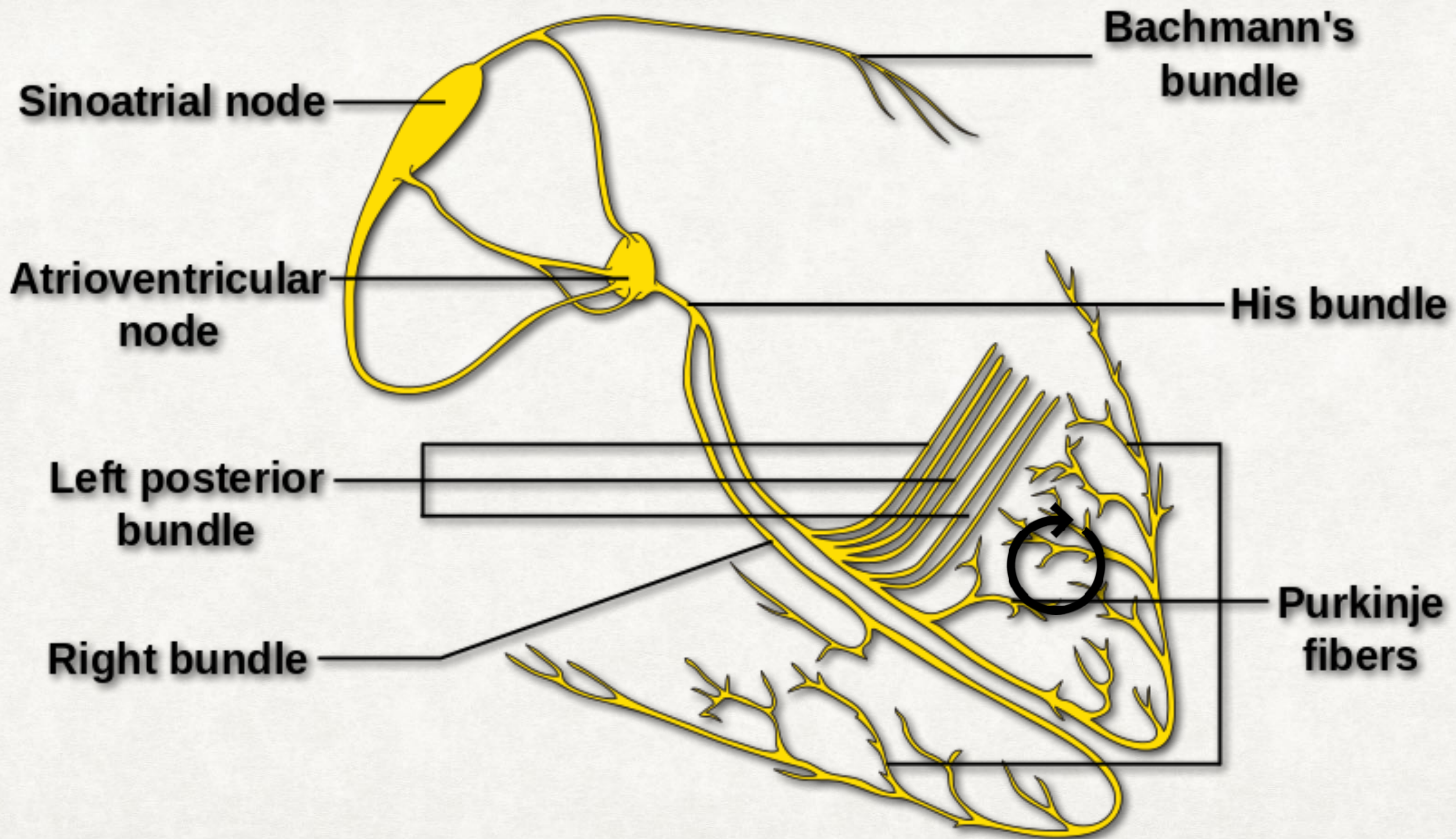




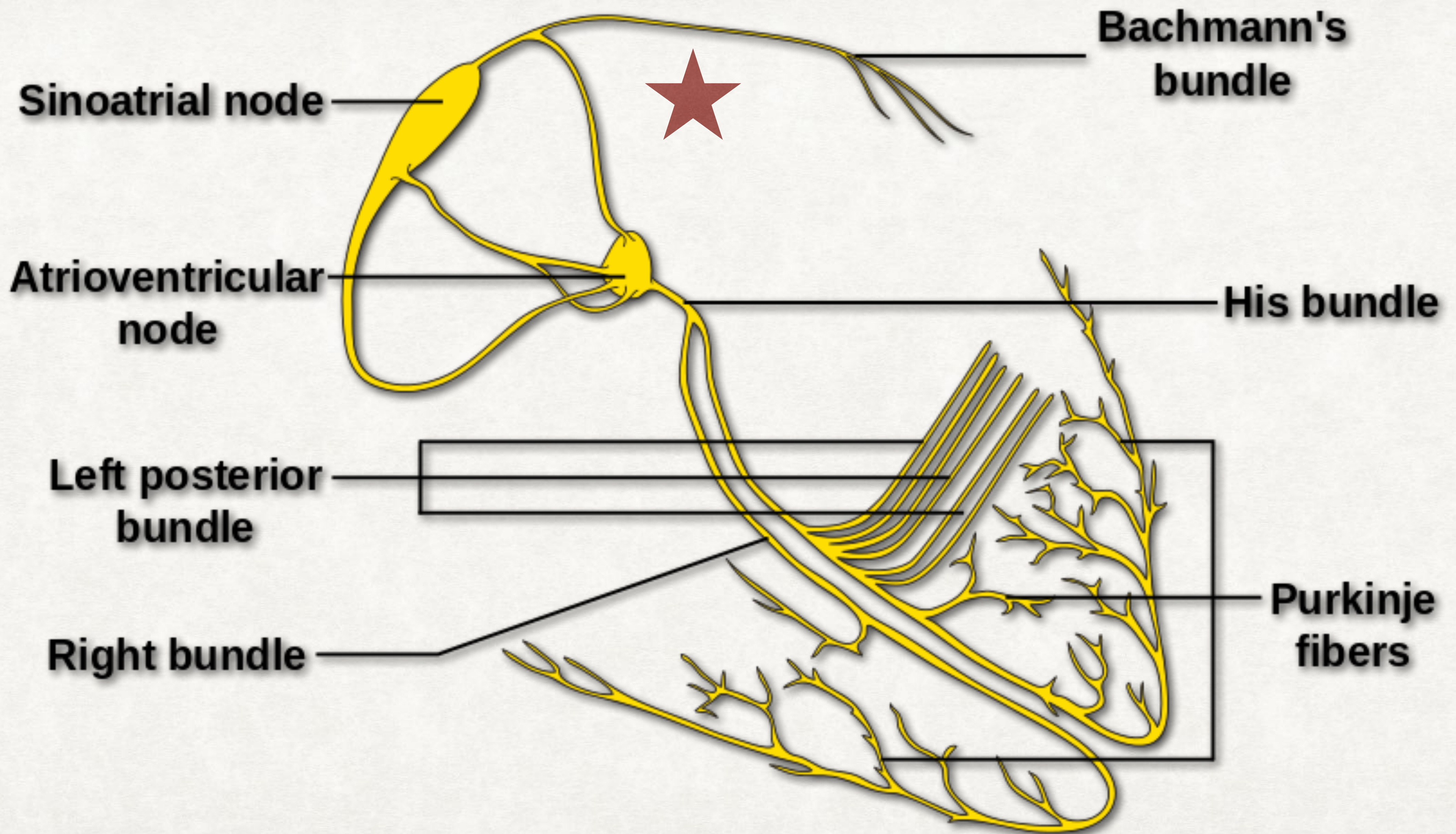




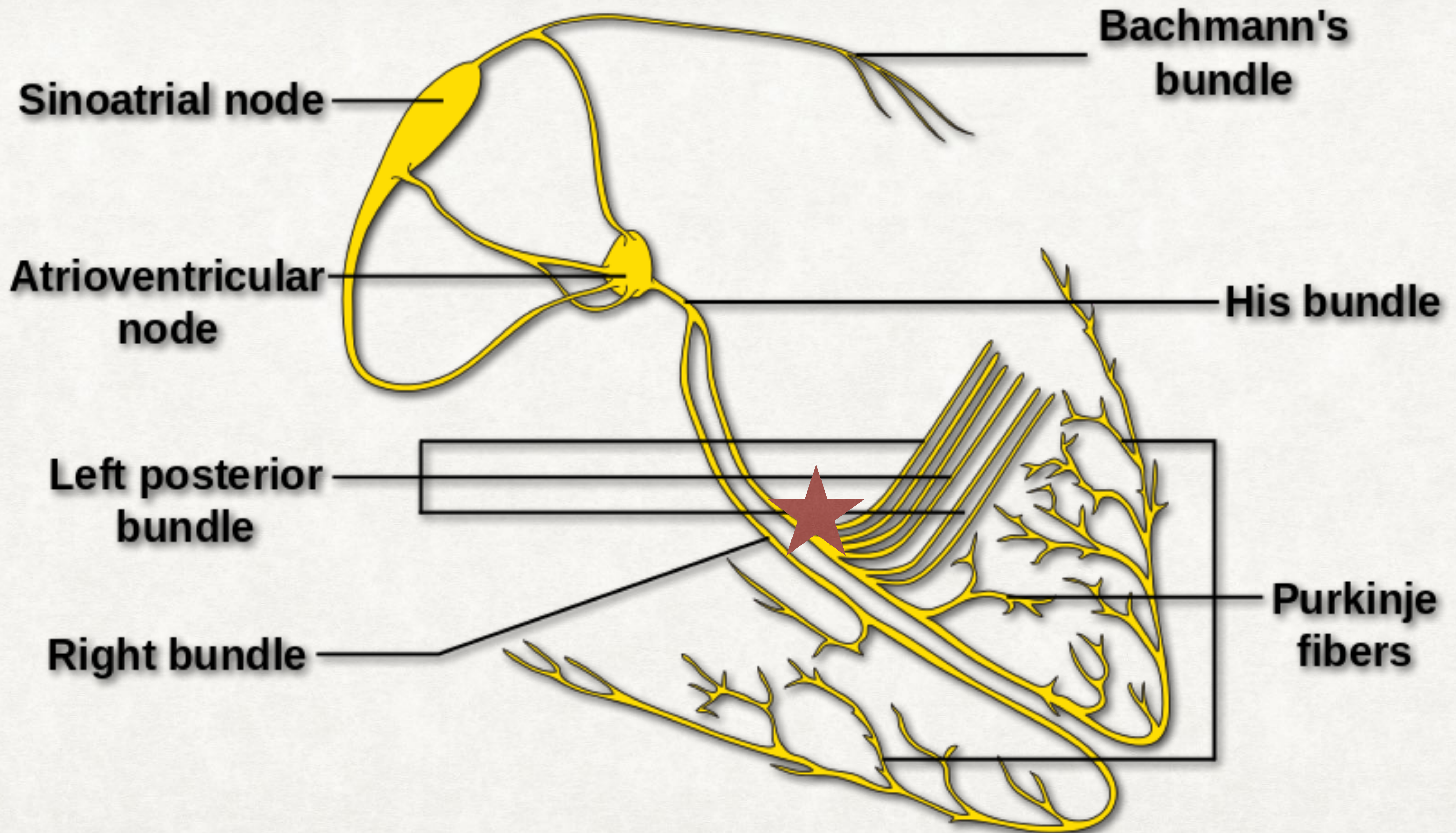














# EP STUDY

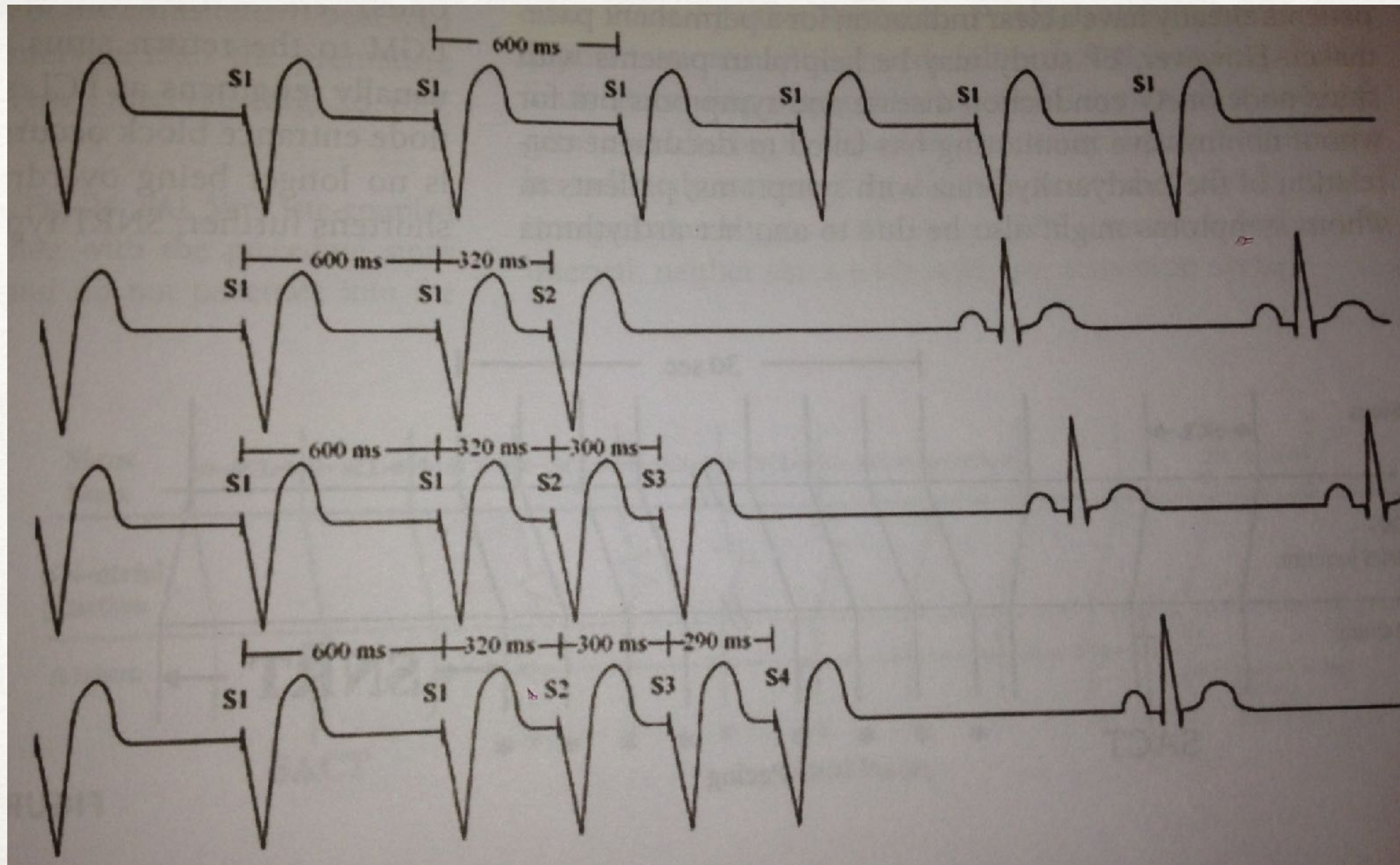
- Baseline measurements: baseline rhythm and rate, AH, HV, QT
- Premature extrastimuli: put in two quick stimuli after a drivetrain
- Incremental pacing: pace faster and faster
- Repeat steps 2 and 3 in the other chamber
- Trigger dysrhythmia, may need isoproterenol
- Ablate
- Done.



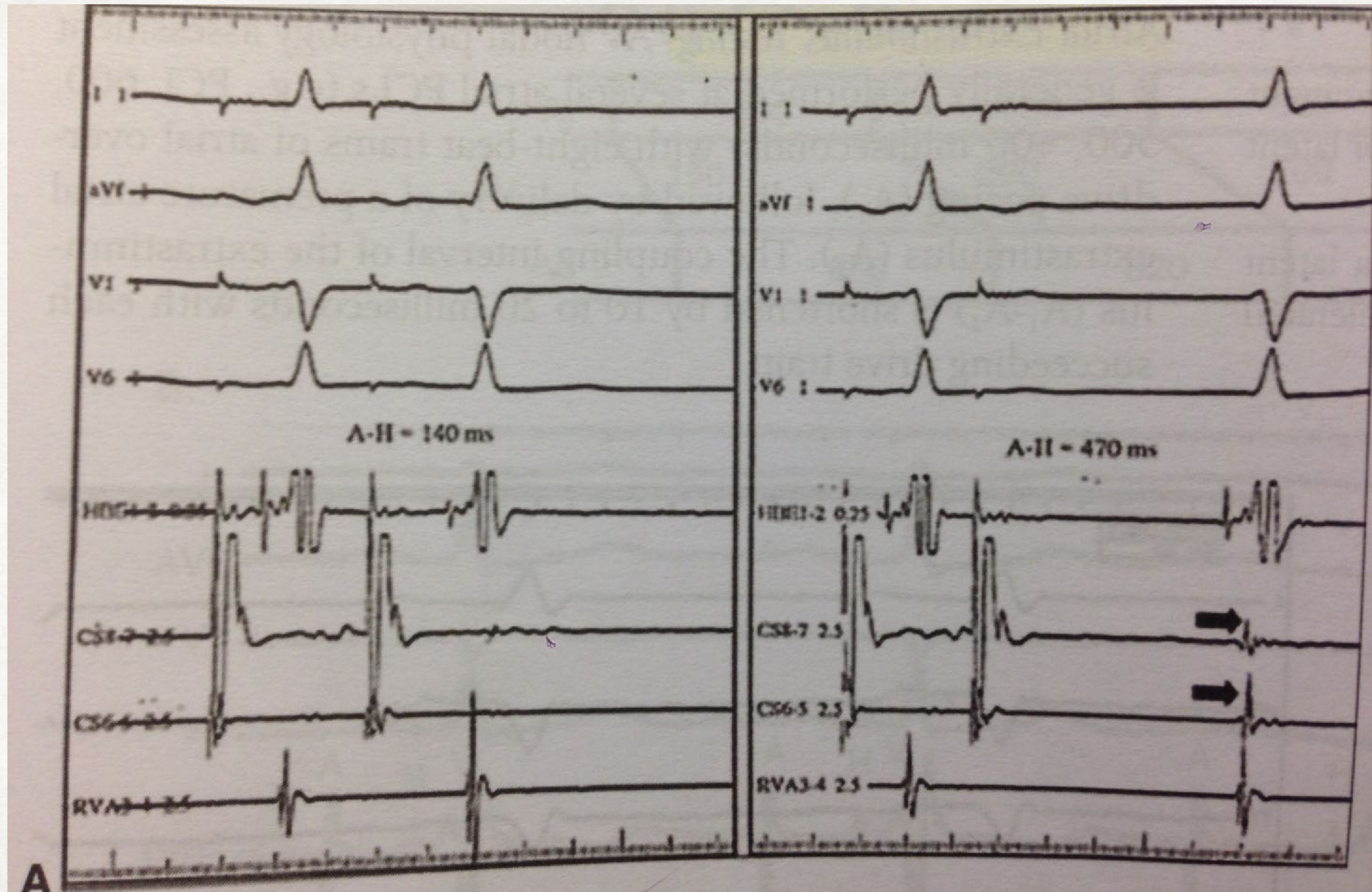
# TERMS

- Cycle Length rather than heart rate: time (msec) from one QRS to the next one
  - 1000 msec = 60 BPM
- ERP: Effective Refractory Period: point at which the pacing device won't capture anymore
- Dual AV Node physiology: 1/2 the AV node remains excitable but conducts very slowly
- Reentry: short circuit

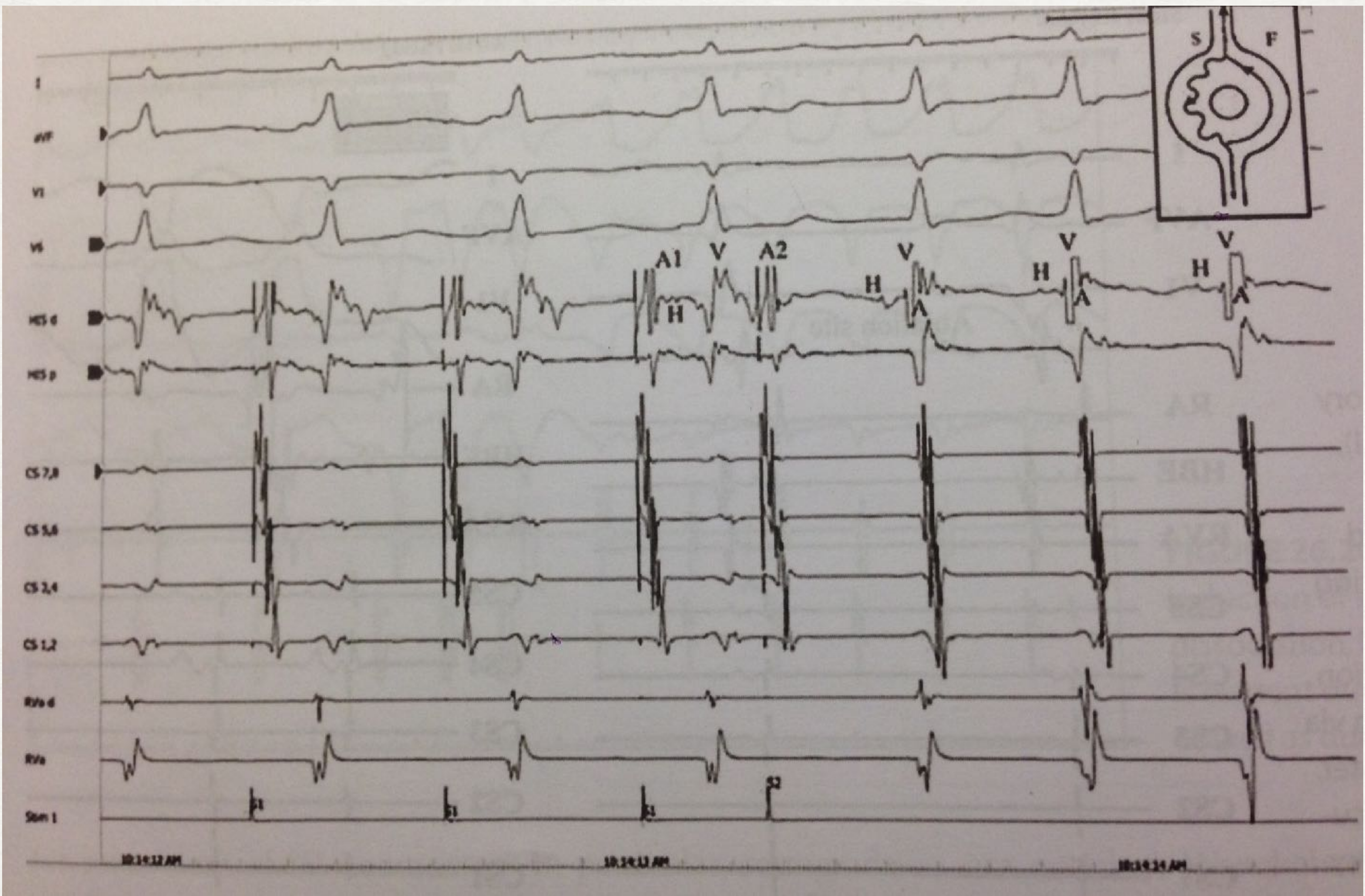




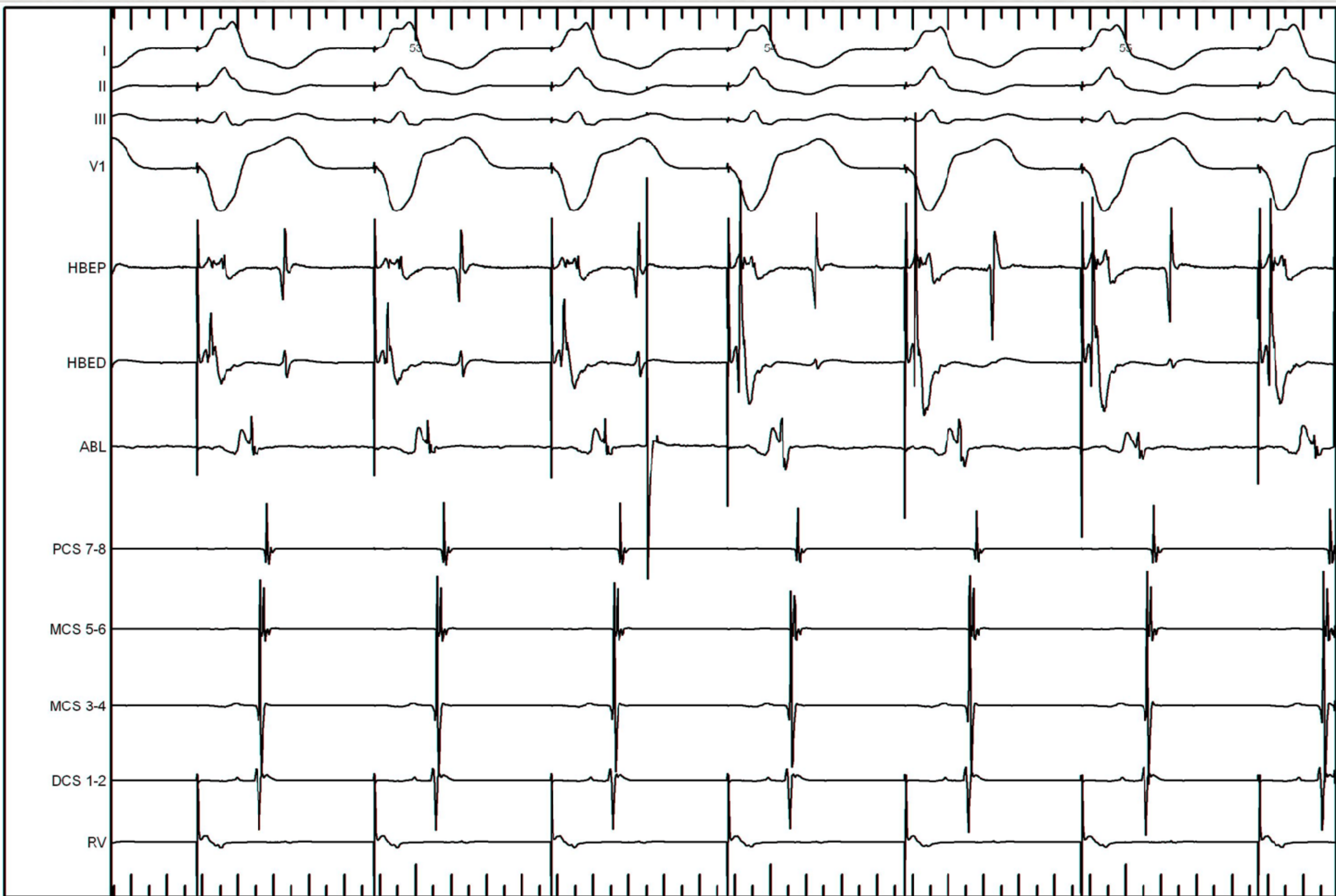










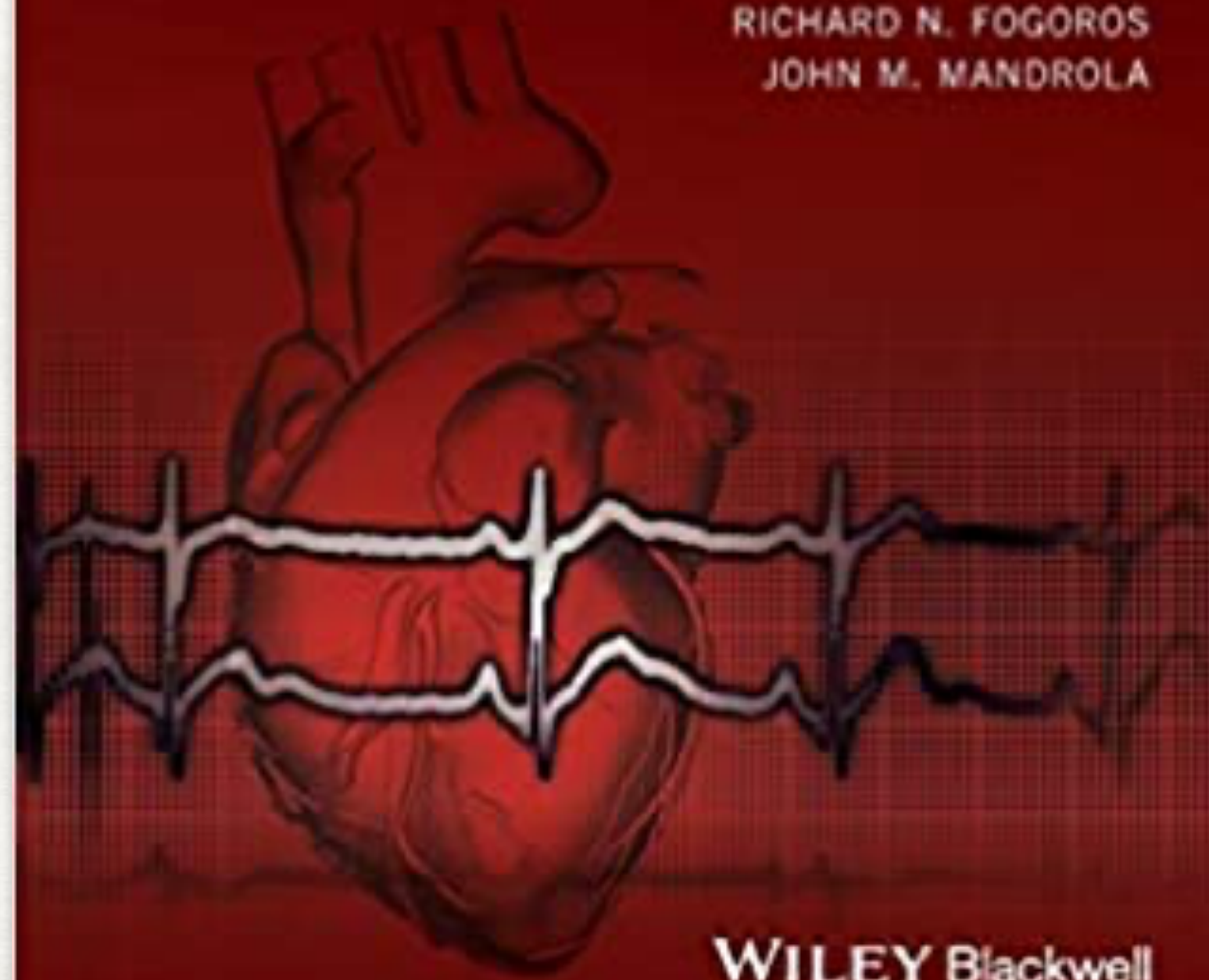




**SIXTH EDITION**

# **FOGOROS' ELECTROPHYSIOLOGIC TESTING**

RICHARD N. FOGOROS  
JOHN M. MANDROLA



**WILEY** Blackwell